#### Sri Lankan rebels commit suicide

NEW DELHI (AP) - Twelve Sri Lankan separatist rebels committed suicide by swallowing cyanide pills when police raided their hideours in the southern Karnstaka state, a news report said Sunday. Three other members of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam were hospitalised after they consumed cyanide but did not die. United News of India said. It said they consumed cyanide but did not die, United News of India said. It said police arrested two more Tamil rebels. The incident occurred Saturday night in the villages of Muttatti and Chiratti in Mandya district, about 1,775 kilometres south in New Delhi. The Tigers are prime suspects in the May 21 assassination of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi. Mr. Gandhi was killed by a suicide bomber during an election campaign in the southern Tamil Nadu state. United News did not say whether the militants in Saturday's incident were suspected of involvement in Mr. Gandhi's killing. But it said police launched massive search operations for Tiger rebels following reports of rebel hideouts in the region. rebels following reports of rebel hideouts in the region.

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#### Berserk gunman kills 3 in Sidon

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SIDON (AP) - A gunman went berserk in this southern port city Sunday, hurling grenades and dynamite sticks at random. Police said three people were killed and g wounded before the gunman was killed by Lebanese troops. A police spokesman said the assailant, a member of a dis-armed militia that controlled Sidon during Lebanon's civil war, climbed onto a rooftop in the city's Kanaya suburb in the evening to stage his attack. "He had a bagful of grenades and dynamite sticks which he threw at pedestrians helow him," said the spokesman. He said the dead included two members of the Nasscrite militia and a woman passer-by. Army troops opened up with machine guns from a nearby checkpoint and killed the gunman, who for years had gone by the nom de guerre of Castro, according to the spokesman. He said it could not be determined what made the gunman run amok.

#### Likud delegation visits Egypt

TELAVIV (AP) - A delegation of Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's ruling Likud bloc left for Cairo Sunday where they planned to meet with Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa, a party statement said. The delegation of the Likud Young Guard, headed by party spokesman Gil Samsonov, will propose a "joint peace forum" to promote normal relations between the two countries, the daily Jerusalem Post said, Egyptian Ambassador to Israel Mohammad Bassionny saw the delegation off and told them he hoped their visit would signal the setting of "another stepping stone in the peace process," the Likud statement said. The delegation was to meet with Mr. Musa on their arrival and would also meet with Yousef Wali, deputy pre-mier and minister of agriculture, and with young leaders of President Hosni Mnbarak's National Democratic Party before their Friday departure, a party statement said. The eight-man delegation does not include parliament members and is the first official visit to Egypt of a delegation from the right-wing Likud party.

#### Afghan rebeis free ICRC delegate

11 200 100 100

GENEVA (AP) — Afghan re-bels Sunday released Alexandre .Ghelew, a delegate of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ECRC), who had been kidnapped on a mission Aug. 4, the ICRC said. Negotiations for his release had been under way with several opposition groups since Mr. Ghelew's abduction north of Kabul, according to officials of the All-Swiss humanitarian organisation. The group that held him was never identified and the kidnappers' motives or claims were not disclosed by the ICRC which said that Mr. Ghelew was m good health.

#### Albanian minister visits israel

TEL AVIV (AP) — Albania's Foreign Minister Muhamet Ka-pliani arrived in Israel Sunday and is expected to sign an agree-ment establishing diplomatic rela-tions with the Jewish state. Albania, which is about 70 per cent Muslim is suffering from severe economic crisis and is hoping that the Jewish state can provide it with economic, health and agricultural aid. Israeli officials said. Mr. Kapilani is the first Albanian diplomat to visit Israel. During his three-day stay, he is scheduled to meet with Israeli leaders, in-cluding Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister David Levy. "I have come on a mission of friendship. We shall be signing a memorandum to estab-lish diplomatic relations and this should be seen as an historic event." Mr. Kapilani said upon arrival. In April, most of Albania's Jewish community was brought to Israel in a secretive operation. Fewer than 50 of about 350 families remain today in the Balkan state. Albania, Yugoslavia and the Soviet Union are the last remaining east European countries who do not have full diplomatic relations with Visrael.

منها محام كالحام والمستبيدي فرطاعها أومواك

# Egypt and Syria said to accept Arab talks ahead

of peace conference

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - Syria and Egypt have accepted to attend a meeting of the five "confrontation Arab parties" before the proposed Middle East peace conference in October, a senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official said Sunday.

By Sana Atiyeh

PLO Executive Committee member Suleiman Najjah said that Syria told a visiting Palestinian delegation last month it was ready to take part in a meeting that would include the PLO, Jordan, Egypt, Syria and Lebanon to coordinate a united position before the peace conference starts.

"During our last visit to Syria a month ago, they told as that they would attend such a meeting," Mr. Najjah told the Jordan Times. Egypt had expressed its readiness for the meeting before that," he added.

The PLO had celled for the meeting of the four Arab countries neighbouring Israel and the PLO to coordinate strategy vis-avis the peace conference called for by the U.S. and the Soviet Union to be held in October.

Jordan accepted the idea from the beginning and Prime Minister Taher Masri earlier this month called for speedy moves to convene the meeting as soon as

"Syria previously had some re-

Algeria to

free 329

damentalist movement.

pressed for election reform.

the people involved from being

interned again if judiciary ser-

vices find that they have com-

mited crimes or wrongdoing," Prime Minister Sid Ahmad Gho-

zali said in a communique Satur-

Some 3,000 people were

arrested in two weeks of unrest in

late May and early June between

fundamentalist supporters and

security forces that left 55 people

dead and more than 300 wound-

Those talks between the gov-

ernment and opposition parties

are to resume Aug. 22. A pre-vious round of talks made little

progress on deciding a date for

egislative elections and any

The decision to release the

detainees was because of "posi-

tive results registered in matters

of security," Mr. Ghozali said in

the communique, apparently re-

ferring to a lack of recent unrest.

He also said the action was taken

because of the government's will

The government declared the state of emergency June 5 and

postponed legislative elections

scheduled for June 27. The state

of emergency set up military tri-

bunals and gave security forces

special powers of search and de-

The government agreed,

however, to hold legislative elec-

for "appeasement."

tions in November.

tention.

changes in balloting rules.

elections.

"These releases ... do not free

detainees

ALGIERS (AP) - The govern-

ment Sunday was to release 329

detainees held since violent pro-

tests interrupted election cam-

## King visits Syria today

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majes ty King Hussein is scheduled to pay a visit to Damascus today for talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on the ongoing efforts for con-vening a Middle East peace conference, informed sources

Mr. Najjah told the Jordan Times. The proposed gathering. he said, will aim at arriving at a united Arab position in peace talks with Israel and committing all Arah parties involved to that

The Gulf crisis created deep differences among Egypt, Syria and Lebanon — which sided with the U.N.-led coalition against Iraq — on the one hand and Jordan and the PLO who opposed a military solution to the Gulf crisis.

Analysts say that it is a foregone conclusion that Syria's acceptance to take part in the meeting means Lebanon will follow suit.

servations over this meeting,"

Mr. Najjab would not com-ment on the form and timing of

"When the time comes, we'll see," said Mr. Najjah, who leads the Palestinian Communist Party, which was given a seat in the PLO

Executive Committee in 1987. Earlier Sunday, the PLO offi-cial met with Prime Minister Masri and Foreign Minister Abdullah Ensour during which he delivered a message from the PLO leadership to the Jordanian govern-ment. Mr. Najjah would not elaborate on the details of the message.

However, he said the purpose of his visit was also to pave the way for a visit by a high-ranking PLO delegation that would coordinate the organisation's position on the peace conference with

Jordan has offered a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation to take part in the conference, and the scheduled visit by the PLO delegation, which may include Chairman Yasser Arafat, is expected to focus on the form of the delegation and agreement on the outcome of the conference.

Mr. Najjah said the focus of his talks Sunday was on "the content of the peace process and not the form of the delegation because we are flexible as long as the content of the gathering is Palestinian rights, including the right to self-determination,

(Continued on page 5)

## CBJ revokes export guarantee requirement

a 1988 standing order which requires exporters to furnish guarantees that proceeds of Jordanian exports in foreign currency will be repatriated home.

paigning and prompted the state The guarantee requirement of emergency declared in June. order was issued by the CBJ in Those to be released had been July 1988 to ensure the return to arrested during protests by funthe country of badly needed foredamentalist Muslims but did not ign exchange. include jailed leaders of the fun-

According to an official statement quoted by the Jordan News No releases had been con-Agency, Petra, the revocation of firmed by early evening, though the order comes in line with the they had been announced Satur-CBJ's new policy of rescinding all day.

The government said that around 800 others who remain in restrictive controls over foreign currency with a view to stimulating economie activities in the custody will be tried in connec-Kingdom, especially those pertion with the unrest that had taining to the sectors of industry

and export. The new step, according to the official, comes in the light of the positive developments in the local

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Central money markets over the past two Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Sunday years, and reflects full confidence as spearheaded by the CBJ.

The CBJ official said that the

step was taken "in harmony with the CBJ's policy, which aims to end control and restrictions over foreign currency in Jordan, to encourage national exports which bring in foreign exchange, lo remove hurdles that used to obstruct the free outflow of national exports and to save time, effort and expenses incurred by the exporters in the implementation of the 1988 orders."

He said that the new move could help industrialists and exporters to play a "more active role in Jordan's economic development at this stage with most beneficial results to the country's balance of payments in general and the halance of trade in particular.

also denounced Mr. Arafat as a

The leaflet also suggested con-

vening a Palestinian conference

with representatives of the

Palestinians in the occupied terri-

tories, so they could elect a new

In a West Bank clash, Arab

reports said Mohamoud Zakarne,

30, was shot in the chest as be

stood on his balcony, when sol-diers acted to quell a protest

The army confirmed a body

from Qabatiya was brought to

Jenin hospital and said it was

'defeatist opportunist."

PLO leadership.

during a curfew.

#### 3 Palestinians killed defeat and failure," it added, and

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Three Palestinians were found dead or killed Sunday in an escalating wave of violence in the occupied territories amid efforts to convene Arab-Israeli peace talks.

A Palestinian splinter group The fundamentalist Islamie called Sunday for the ouster of Salvation Front (FIS), the main Palestine Leberation Organisaopposition group, insists that its leaders be freed and the state of tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and for choosing a new emergency lifted before joining leadership with wider representatalks on preparing legislative tion for Arabs from the occupied territories.

The call for rebellion was believed the first against Mr. Arafat from inside his own Fateh movement, although he has come under sharp criticism from other Palestinian groups in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The five-page leaflet, distri-buted in Nablus and Ramallah by

The 14th of January Corrective Movement," called "on all Palestinian democratic forces to form a front capable of replacing aging leadership with new, young, efficient and honest lead-

The group is named for the date when Mr. Arafat's former aide, Salah Khalaf, was assassin-The leaflet accused Mr. Arafat

of bringing "devastation and destruction" to the Palestinian peo-"Arafat led the Palestinian ship

to the shores of splits, wreckage,

investigating. Mr. Zakarne, according to an AP count, was the 847th Palestinian to be killed by Israelis during the 44-month uprising against Israeli rule in the occupied terri-

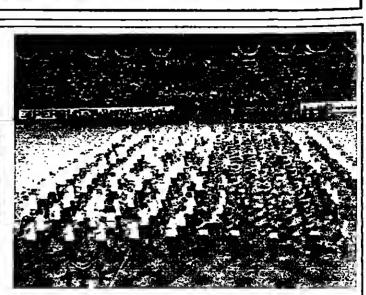
tories. Sixty-seven Israelis also have died. In Khan Yunis refugee camp in Gaza, three unknown assailants shot to death 41-year-old Daoud Abu Salik after breaking into his home, Arab reports said.

Arah reporters in Gaza said Mr. Abn Salik has been accused of assisting the Israeli authorities and has been attacked four times in the past.

The body of Jihad Hassanain. ple by supporting Iraq during the 26 was also found Sunday, the reports said. He was missing since Saturday when he was kidnapped by unknown people, they added.



The festival, which was held at Al Hussein Youth City Stadium. included military and sport performances. The festival was attended by Their Royal Highnesses Prince Abdullah and Prince Ali, Prime



Minister Taber Masri, the Speakers of the Upper and Lower Hous of Parliament, the Royal Court chief, the King's political advisor. ministers, former prime ministers, the Armed Forces chief of staff, senators and deputies and senior army officers (Photos by Youse

## Jordan pursues efforts to help stranded

Gazans By P.V.Vivekanand

AMMAN - The Jordanian government has stepped up efforts to convince Egypt to lift entry restrictions imposed on Gazans holding Egyptian documents stranded in Kuwait, informed sources said Sunday.

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

"Jordan is trying to get the Egyptian government to allow the Gazans to come to Egypt regardless of whether or not they have an entry permit to th (Israeli-occupied) Gaza Strip," said one source.

The source, who did not reveal the channels through which Amman was pushing its efforts, said the Kingdom's endeavours were complementary to contacts that are under way between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the Egyptian govern-

Usually reliable sources said last month that Egyptian officials, in talks with senior PLO representatives, had promised to ease entry restrictions imposed on Gazans. But no decision has yet been reached, the same sources

said Sunday. Cairo is following a policy of granting 72-hour trasit visas to Gazans with "Israeli permits" to enter the Gaza Strip, but putting others through a screening pro-cess which could take up to four weeks, and in many cases applications are turned down hy the Egyptian Interior Ministry.

Sources familiar with the screening process said that those who can prove that they are financially sound enough to support themselves are given permission to enter Egypt with possibilities of stay in the country while others are turned down.

An Egyptian source said it was not true that the government had adopted a policy of "blanket refusal" to Gazans holding Egyptian documents. "Gazans who possess (Israeli-issued) entry perunits to Gaza are automatically granted 72-hour transit visas to enter Egypt," said the source. "Others are referred to Cairo for a process which does not take more than four weeks to be completed," added the source.

The source did not provide any figure for the rate of rejection of applications. Cairo's argument says that

Egypt cannot allow Gazans into its territory without guarantees that they are assured of Israeli permission to enter the Gaza

Expatriate sources said around 23.000 Gazans holding Egyptian travel documents remained in Kuwait with nowhere to go in the face of the Egyptian policy. No accurate estimate is available on the number of Gazans with Egyptian documents who passed through Jordan since the Iraqi

(Continued on page 5)

## Jordan has commuted five death sentences — Amnesty

By Nor Sati Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordan has commuted death sentences passed on five prisoners convicted under martial law and has promised to review cases of other prisoners, senior officials of Amnesty International said Sunday.

Hanny Megally, head of the Middle East section of the London-hased human rights organisation, and Claudio Cordone, an Amnesty reseracher, said they were informed of the government's decision during a meeting with Prime Minister Taher Masri on their current visit to Jordan,

Mr. Megally and Mr. Cordone are in Jordan to assess the Kingdom's record and conduct in the field of human rights.

Jordan, which had come under heavy criticism in previous Amnesty International reports, does no longer finds itself the target of such criticism from the organisation following the liberalisation and democratisation process laun-

ched since 1989. Reporting the commutation of death sentences as conveyed to them by Prime Minister Masri, Mr. Megally said that "it is expected that some, even many, prisoners will be re-

Amnesty hopes that the cases of all those tried by mar-

tial law courts will be solved without delay, he said, describing trial conducted under martial law as "unfair."

The identity of those reprieved from the gallows or the nature of the crimes they were convicted of was not immediately known and no official was available for com-

Mr. Megally's and Mr. Cordone's visit comes as a followup on last year's visil Amnesty International Secretary-General Ian Martin. Mr. Martin had met with

officials of the Jordanian government to discuss Amnesty's concern about human rights in the country, Jordan's memorandum and proposals for government reform and recommendations. "Since then," Mr. Megally told the Jordan Times. we have noted that regulations governing martial law have been repealed and various laws are in the last stages of being drafted, in particular. the defence law, state security court law, press laws and the political parties law.'

Amnesty International had objected to the new defence law as heing too barsh. "Amnesty had recommended that safeguards he introduced into the defence law, particularly with regard to administative detention," Mr. Megally recalled. Amnesty also recommended strict time limits on the duration of detention and

for prompt judicial review of

Since the arrival of the AI team, "we have been informed that the new state security court law will include the right of appear for the court of cassation, which is in line with our recommendation," Mr.

Megally said. Mr. Megally and Mr. Cordone also met with Minister of Interior Jawdat Shoul.

Mr. Sboul, in comments carried by the Jordan News Agency. Petra, said that the delegation voiced satisfaction with the measures taken hy the government concerning human rights and the government's keenness to provide a suitable atmosphere to bring the democratic experiment to a successfull end. The minister said he reviewed with the delegation the procedures adopted by the government to protect public freedoms.

One area that Amnesty remains concerned over is that the present safeguards "need to he considerably strengthened," said Mr. Megally, referring to detention and interrogation of suspects. "In particular." he said, "the organisation has been calling for strict access (within hours or days of arrest) to lawyers, families and medical examinations." Amnesty also stresses the importance of access of

(Continued on page 5)

## Iran tightens pressure on Israel to break impasse over hostages

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran Sunday the garden path... disappoint stepped up pressure on Israel to free Muslim prisoners and end the impasse in complex negonations to free Western hostages in Lebanon.

Israeli hostage negotiators said Sunday they do not expect an immediate breakthrough on the hostage issue despite a frenzy of diplomatic activity last week after an American and British hostage were freed.

"Nothing can happen overnight. This is a very complex problem," said Uri Lubrani, the defence ministry's adviser on Lehanon, who is heading Israel's efforts to secure a prisoner swap. Weekend reports quoted U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez

de Cuellar as saying he believed a solution could be negotiated within two weeks. In an inverview with the Associated Press, Mr. Lubrani said Israelis involved in negotiating a prisoner swap "have become very wary of predicting

forth. We have become slightly cynical about it." He said "the only important development so far" was that Mr. Perez de Cuellar was now the

time frames and results and so

"I don't think that we could have hoped for a higher level of activity," said Mr. Lubrani, who twice visited Geneva last week for talks with Mr. Perez de Cuel-

"No country and no organisation will want to lead him down

him... frustrate his efforts," he

Mr. Lubrani insisted Iran had the "overriding influence" to secure the release of Western hostages in Lebanon, and to provide "a clear, irrefutable, unequivocal indication" of the fate of Israel's missing men.

But Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akhar Velayati, continuing Tehran's high-profile mannuevring of the hostages, nrged visiting representatives of the European Parliament to put pressure nn Israel.

"There is now a positive trend underway for the freedom of the hostages and Israel should be brought under pressure to release the Lebanese and Palestinians it holds as hostages," he said in remarks carried by Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA).

"It seems that if this is done the positive process will continue," Mr. Velayati added. The hardline and sole surviving

son of Iran's late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, in remarks carried by Tehran Radio, suggested Israel also should release thonsands of Palestinians arrested in Israel's crackdown un the nprising in the occupied terri-

"If Westerners are really defenders of human rights, they must put pressure on the Zionist regime so that thousands of Muslim hostages are released from that country's prisons," said Mr.

His reference to thousands instead of hundreds of prisoners clearly meant he included Palestinians arrested on the occupied

Israel has repeatedly said its 8,000 Palestinian prisoners will not be part of any package deal on hostages and its missing servicemen. Hostage talks have focused on exchanging nearly 400 mostly Lebanese detainees under Israeli control for seven missing Israeli servicemen, or their remains, and the Western hostages.

Mr. Khomeini is an influential voice in Iran. But his radical views often have been at odds with the government of President Hashemi Rafsanjani, who seeks to end the hostage crisis to end Iran's international isolation.

Mr. Velayati reiterated Iran's desire to resolve the hostage issue. He said the efforts of Mr. Perez de Cuellar to resolve the crisis were positive and expressed hope they would succeed.

The frenzied, high-profile negotiations of the past week appear to have given way to behind-the-scene manoenvres aimed at cracking the difficult problems impeding any hostage

Iran is trying to generate Western pressure on Israel to break the impasse. But Israel has steadfastly insisted on getting information on its missing servicemen

(Continued on page 5)

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# **Experts see potential for** progress towards peace, but only over time

The Associated Press

IF THE UNITED States can find a way to resolve the Arab-Israeli dispute over Palestinian representation, the long-sought Middle East peace conference can finally

begin.
Then comes the rough part. In the early stages of the conference, prospects for real prog-ress appear dim. Israel has given no sign it is willing to cede Arab land — the basic premise of the U.S. peace plan. Neither have the Arabs shown willingness to back down from their demand for their land.

Among a dozen analysts and former nfficials interviewed in the United States and the Middle East, however, there was a feeling that in the long run perhaps years of hard bargaining compromise was possible.

Progress is most likely between Israel and the Palestinians, some say, because the Palestinians are weaker politically than before the Gulf war and might be anxious to make a deal with Israel.

They note that, with the end of the cold war, Syria lost its traditional patron in the region — the Soviet Union - and President Hafez Al Assad could be more amenable to U.S. diplomacy.

All stress that a forceful U.S. re': is crucial to progress. The United States, they say, must be involved m all phases of the talks, ready to flex its political and. economie muscle and prod the sides into compromise.

Most analysts agree that, even if the initial talks yield no results, the mere fact of the sides coming together will be beneficial. Fnrmidahle psychological barriers will be broken, and the talks themselves enuld generate

"Negotiations don't just photograph positions, they change them." said Ahba Ehan, the Israeli statesman. "Once they begin, people are hesitant to break

Palestinian professor Emile

Obeid's wife

NICOSIA (AP) — The wife of

Sheikh Abdul Karim Obeid has

appealed to Iran and all interna-

tinnal bodies to secure the release

of her husband, the most impor-

tant Shiite prisoner Shitte prison-

er held hy Israel, the Islamie Republic News Agency (IRNA)

said Snnday. Sheikh Obeid, 33, a prominent

Shirte cleric who was a top official

nf Hizbollah, in southern Leba-

non, was kidnapped hy airborne

Israeli agents from his home in

1989 to be used as a bargaining

Hizbollah is beheved to be the

umbrella group for the groups

holding most of the 11 remaining

Western hostages. Sheikh

Obcid's release from a prison in

northern Israel has been deman-

ded hy the Western hostage hol-

IRNA, in a report monitored

in Nicosia. said Sheikh Obied's

wife in a letter to the agency's

office in Sidnn, Lehannn,

appealed to Iran and all interna-

tional bodies to make efforts to

secure the release of her husband

and nther Lehanese prisoners

Relatives of some of the other

Arah prisoners staged a sit-in

Friday in Beirut and sent an

appeal to the United Nations

held by Israel.

chip for Israeli prisoners.

appeals for

his release

Sheikh

Wall' between the sides will have been broken."

Others fear positions could harden if the talks fail, giving new impetus to the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories and hringing the regioo closer to war.

Here are the views of five of those questioned:

- William Quandt, Middle East analyst at the Brookings Institution in Washington, predicts talks will bog down quickly over entrenched positions. Thus, the United States will have to remain actively involved to keep things moving, be said.

Mr. Quandt sees a hetter

chance for movement on the Palestinian issue because the Palestinians want "to reverse a negative trend."

Possible interim solutions, he said, could include an Israeli nffer on a demilitarised Gaza Strip, or an offer of elections in Palestinian municipalities in exchange for assurances of calm.

In the long term — possibly when the right-wing government of Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir is no longer in power — he envisions a "confederal arrange-ment" involving Israel, the Palestinians and Jordan.

- Dr. Saliyeh, a former professor at Birzeit University in the occupied West Bank, feels peace is possible in the long term under a more moderate Israeli govern-

The first movement might be "confidence-building measures."
Dr. Saliyeh said. These would include Israel giving Palestinians more control over their com-

He doubts the current Israeli government would trade land for peace. But later, he can foresee a transitional arrangement under which Israel would gradually start transferring anthority to a Jordanian-Palestinian entity.

As for Syria, which wants the Golan Heights hack, Dr. Saliyeh sees a deal involving a demilitarised Golan. The same deal, he

Saliyeh said: "At least the Berlin said, could include a demilitarised southern Lebanon.

Mr. Eban, a former Israeli foreign minister, feels progress is more likely on the Palestinian issue because "things are going against them."

He envisioned an interim settlement along the lines of the 1978 Camp David accords, meaning an agreement on autonomy with the final status of the occupied territories to be determined

He said one scenario is that, if Mr. Shamir feels he is being pressured too much, be would hreak off the talks and call early elections, delaying any agree-

If the talks failed, there would, be despair, a growth of radicalism on both sides and more suppression of Palestinians in the occupied territories, Mr. Eban said. Rami Khouri, a political

analyst in Amman, does not expect progress from the face-toface meetings between the sides, but "eventually we will have to

move together."
Mr. Khouri said partial concessions by both sides could lead to a comprehensive settlement, "hut a partial solution would not work."

Sitting down to talk is essential, be said, but "if there is no agreement, this will definitely lead to

- Gregory Gause, an American professor of Middle East studies at Columbia University, said the prospects for success are dim. He said Israel does not appear willing to change its policy, but is mainly going along with the conference to please Washington and be assured of continued aid.

The United States seems to think that, once people sit down, they'll come to some sort of an agreement," he said. "That's

Mr. Gause predicted the talks would eventually "peter out." Their failure might not lead to war, he said, but "could leave things worse than they were be-



Israel is holding Lebanese and Palestinian prisoners who are expected to feature in a prisoner exchange deal involving Western hostages held in Lebanou. Some of the prisoners are held at an Israeli prison camp at Atlit, south of Haifa, seen here

saying their loved ones deserve freedom just as much as the missing Westerners in Lebanon. Uri Luhrani, the adviser on Lehanon tn Israel's defence ministry, Saturday nffered to allow the Red Cross to visit Sheikh Obeid but only on conditioo of reciprocal visits to Israelis

held in Lehanon. Israel is pressing for information on seven of its servicemen missing in Lebanon. Mr. Lubrani told Israel Radio Saturday that until Israel got authoritative information on its missing servicemen there would be no movement on the hostage talks.

"We appreciate the fact that his family is of course anxious. Our families are anxious too and I think it is high time that all this misery and agony and anguish should be stopped," be said.

## Doha ready to drop territorial case if King Fahd solves it

DOHA (AP) - Qatar said Saturday it would withdraw a territorial dispute case lodged with the International Court against Bahrain if Sandi . Arabia's King Fahd leads the two neighbours to an acceptable settlement.

An unidentified Qatari official quoted by the state-run Qatar News Agency said: "If an acceptable brotherly solution is reached through the wise efforts of ... King Falid, then the case will be immediately withdrawn from the international court."

It said that was in line with the agreement reached on the fringes of the annual summit conference of the leaders of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) in December 1990. Saudi Arabia is the leading party in the six-country alliance that also includes Knwait, Oman, and the United Arah Emirates.

The statement said that the mediation and the legal arbitration were "parallel means of attaining justice and bolstering peace and security in the Gulf

It urged restraint in public comment about the dispute, saving that the alternative would not be in the interest of the 'atmosphere of quiet legal deliberations" at the Hague, nor of the goodwill efforts of the Saudi

The Qatari statement was the first since it lodged its case in July with the World Court, formally known as the International Court of Justice, an affiliate of the United Nations.

Qatar rejects a British decision in 1939 which granted sovereignty to Bahrain over a string of flyspeck islands knowns as Hnwar, and the Fasht Al Dibal and Jaradah shoals.

The disputed area between the peninsular state and the central Gulf island is potentially oil-rich. Bahrain, in a terse statement in July, said it "rejects absolutely the claims made hy the State of Qatar" to the World Court.

In the meantime, Arab diplomatic sources reported that a Qatari warship on Aug. 3 entered Bahrain's eastern waters "without pursuing the normal official procedure," considering it a violation of Bahraini territorial

They said Bahrain coast guard units accosted the Qatari warship and escorted it until it left the waters east of the Dibal shoals.

The statement distributed by the Qatari News Agency made no reference to this incident. But it said Bahraini naval units "several times" pentrated the disputed waters in a violation of a 1986 agreement that Qatar aod Bahrain would desist from a military presence in those areas.

The border dispute had flared in 1986 when Qatari forces hriefly occupied the Fasht Al Dibal reef where the Dutch Ballast Nedam firm was undertaking reclamation work. King Fahd immediately stepped in to mediate a settle-

Aside from the terse July statement. Bahrain officials have declined public comment on the developments, but Gulf officials said that the Bahrain government had officially protested the Ang. 3 incident.

Both countries gained independence from Britain in 1971, and each has a fledgling naval force on barely a dozen units that include Exocet-equipped missile

# Indian politician-cum-journalist promises 'true portrayal' of Arabs

By Serene Halasa

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Two documentaries about the Arab World in the aftermath of the Gulf war. made by an Indian crew for Indian Television, will be a surprising diversion from the stereo-typed Western pre-sentation of the Middle East and its problems, the Indian director and producer of the documentaries promises.

Bhim Singh, a member of the national assembly of Kashmir who is well known in India for his activities in support of Arah causes and the Palestinians, is a self-styled politiciancum-inumalist and television producer.

Mr. Singh, who successfully produced a documentary on the Gulf crisis entitled "Seeds of War" - with footage of Iraq before and during the war - promises that his next two productions "will reflect the true situation in the Arah World today, after the Gulf war."

"Journalism is my mission," Mr. Singh told the Jordan Times in an interview a few hours before his departure from Jordan after concluding filming for the documentaries.
"The Arab World is not properly understood among the masses in my country" and there is a need for a true portrayal of the Arabs, added Mr. Singh, head of the Panthers Party which has extended its support for the government of P.V. Narsimha Rao in New

"I felt that they (Indians) needed to know things about the Arabs. They needed to know about the occupied territories, the Al Aqsa Mosque, the Holy Sepulchre Church,

Lebanon, and Iraq," he said.

According to Mr. Singh it was the wide acclaim that "Seeds of War" drew in india that prompted the state-owned televisioo (Doordarshan) to commission him to make two more documentaries oo the aftermath of the Gulf war. Seeds of War reflected the seeds of conflict in the Middle East and showed that as long as the Palestinian problem remains unresolved the region will always be in turmoil,'

opinion on international developments and Americao policies are often described by many as revolutionary. Mr. Singh was in Amman last week on the last leg of his travel through the Arah World; including Iraq, the occupied territories, Lebanon, Syria, Egypt and Tnnisia, where he and his three-

according to Mr. Singh, whose

tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Mr. Singh was interviewed by Rami Khouri on Jordan Television's "Eneounter" programme screened Saturday might. In his comments during the interview, Mr. Singh focused on what he said was the Third World perspective of the Gulf crisis and the international scene and lashed out at

memher team interviewed

Palestine Liberation Organisa-

While it was mostly smooth sailing for Mr. Singh in the Arab countries - although be was disappointed a little in Lebanon — be faced a toogh process while trying to get into the occupied territories. "We were interrogated for

American policies.

five hours by the Israelis who finally agreed to let us into occupied Palestine only on the condition that we leave our cameras at the bridge" across the River Jordan, Mr. Singh

Among the Palestinian leaders whom Mr. Singh met with in the occupied territories was Arab East Jerusalemite Faisal Husseini, "Mr. Husseini reaffirmed that the Palestinians regard the PLO as their sole legitimate representative and will not compromise on the issue of Palestinian representa-tion (in peace talks)," Mr. Singh said.

Mr. Husseini "also said that they (Palestinians) are willing to talk to anybody, but that there would be no peace without PLO participation in the (proposed) peace conference." Mr. Singh said.

In Amman, Mr. Singh, director of the private Voice of the Millions television company in New Delhi, interviewed His Royal Highness Crnwn Prince Hassan and Lower House of Parliament Speaker Abdul Latif Arabiyat. "We also talked to many

other officials who explained to us the problems faced hy the Kingdom with the return of the expatriates and the cut in the annual aid coming from the Gulf," he said.

On his second visit to Iraq since the Gulf crisis erupted in Aogost 1990, Mr. Singh travelled extensively through the country, examining the situation in the north and south, and filming what be referred to as "the human suffering of the Iraqis" following the war and the unpact of the continuing international sanc-

tions against Iraq. In Lebanon, the team interviewed President Elias Hrawi and several ministers, but "when we tried to go to the south — to the areas occupied by Israel — we were denied entry," Mr. Singh said.

"I saw it with my own eyes only white journalists were allowed into (Israel's selfstyled security zone)," he

In Syria the team met with senior officials and politicians of the Democratic Socialist Party. In Egypt, they interviewed the ministers of foreign affairs and information and memhers of the Egyptian Socialist Party.

Recalling his interview with

Mr. Arafat in Tunis, Mr. Singh said that the PLO chairman "seemed confident about liberating Palestine from Zionist

"He also praised His Majes-ty King Hussein's efforts to solve the Middle East problem and described him as a great statesman," Mr. Singh added. Mr. Singh said he expected

to complete in two weeks the process of putting together the two documentaries from the 30 hours footage that his team has filmed. "We are dealing with a very sensitive issue that needs to be tackled carefully." Mr.

Mr. Singh expressed appre-ciation of the Jordanian government's support for and help in making the documentaries. He also said that he was thinking nf making two more docu-mentaries; "one about Lebanon and the rebirth of a nation, and the second about Jordan and the democratisation pro-

## Poland asks for Israeli extradition of suspect

TEL AVIV (AP) - Poland has asked Israel to extradite an immigrant businessman suspected of involvement in a major banking scandal, police said Sunday.

Israel was examining whether it could comply with the request since the two countries lack an extradition treaty, police said. Poland restored diplomatic ties with the Jewish state only a year

ago after rupturing them along with the rest of the Soviet bloc over the 1967 war. Police said they had "received a Polish request, submitted through Interpol, for arrest and

extradition of Boguslaw Bagsik," a Polish businessman in Israel. "As it is known, there is no extradition treaty between Israel and Poland. The legal aspects of the issue are now under discussion between police and the justice ministry," a police spokes-

man added. Mr. Bagsik is president of Art-B Corp. Ltd, a private trading company that grew rapidly in the new market economy of postcommunist Poland, Polish offi-

cials have said. The Warsaw prosecutor's office issued a warrant for Mr. Bagsik's arrest last week over suspicions he was involved in brihing a high-ranking state bank-

ing official.

He was accused of transferring "material benefits... worth about 60 million zlotys (\$5,200) in return for actions violating the law," the Polish prosecutor's

office said. The Pulish press has described the probe against Mr. Bagsik as part of a widening investigation into a scandal in Poland's stateowned banks that has already led

to seven arrests, including rank-

ing banking officials.

million. Polish newspapers have Mr. Bagsik, reported by Israeli newspapers as being in his 30's, has denied committing any ille-

estimated to be as high as \$130;

Israeli newspapers have also quoted him as saying in interviews he has given up all holdings

in Art-B and has no plans to return to Poland. The Israeli interior ministry has Mr. Bagsik's immigration was legal, spokeswoman Tova Elin-son said. She refused to elabo-

According to Israeli newspapers, Mr. Bagsik immigrated six months ago and was granted Israeli citizenship under a law entitling such rights to all Jews who immigrate.

The reports said local suspicions about Mr. Bagsik were raised after his company recently concluded a deal to purchase 50 per cent of shares of Israel's powerful PAZ oil company.

They said PAZ cootrols about 45 per cent of Israel's oil market. including its vital strategic sup-plies, and the deal with Mr. Bagsik was reportedly worth \$85 mil-

Israeli Finance Minister Yitzhak Modai told the Maariv daily on Sunday he would withhold approval for the deal. The newspaper indicated Mr. Modai had questions about how so much money could be poured into Israel from the struggling Polish economy, the newspaper said.

'I have had a gut feeling that something in this PAZ deal doesn't smell right. I will not approve this deal," Mr. Modai was quoted as saying.

## Greece: Turkey torpedoes effort for Cyprus meeting

ATHENS (AP) — Foreign Minister Andonis Samaras said Saturday after meeting with two senior United Nations officials that Turkey was torpeding efforts to hold a meeting on the Cyprus problem in September.

'I informed them about the recent barrage of statements by Turkish and Turkish Cypriot officials that are torpedoing efforts to come to an understanding," Mr. Samaras told reporters.

He made the statement after a Osear Camillion, the U.N. Cyprus."

secretary-general's special Cyr-pus envoy, and U.N. Political Affairs Director Gustav Feissel.

The two men are on a factfinding trip that will also take them to Turkey and Cyprus next

"It is necessary for them to return as the bearers of specific, constructive and logical answers on the territorial and refugees issues." Mr. Samaras said, one-and-a-half hour meeting with there won't be any progress on

## Syrian medical project hit by Israeli lobby

travenous solutions plant in Syria following a two-year campaign by pro-Israeli groups whose allega-tions have included a claim that the factory might be used to produce chemical weapons.

Baxter International won a \$3 tory in April last year. The plant. to be sited in a Damascus suburb. was to have produced four mil-lion hags of fluids per year. The client was the General Establishment for Blood and Medical Industries, an affliate of the Syrian Defence Ministry.

Reporting the affair, Middle East Economie Digest (MEED) quoted a company spokesman as saying: "There has been a crescendo of protest about the project from Jewish groups, con-gressmen, shareholders and cus-

AN AMERICAN healthcare In addition to the claims about products company has ahan-chemical weapons, there had doned a project to build an in- been allegations that the plant might be used to process heroin; that Baxter had agreed to sell its factory in Israel so that the company would be removed from the list of foreign firms boycotted in the Arab World because of their links with Israel; and that Baxter million contract to build the fac- should not be dealing with a country which the State Department lists as a supporter of international terrorism.

> The company says that the heroin and chemical weapons claims are completely groundless, and insists that it disposed of its Israeli plant purely for commercial reasons. Baxter officials note, meanwhile, that Syria's inclusion on the State Department's terrorist list does not mean that U.S. firms are banned from trading with the country (CAABU bulle-

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Bulletin supplied by the Department of

place and winds will be porthwestern moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be

## **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR** Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 28, Acaba 35, Humidity readings: Amman 60 per cent, Acaba 30 per

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Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 85:30 .... New York, Amsterdam (RJ) .... Sanaa (RJ) Damascus (RJ) ... Riyadh (RJ) .... Jeddah (RJ)

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...... Dubei, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

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# ... Bangkok (RJ) ..... Cairo (RJ) lanca, Tunis (RJ)

Other Carriers (Terminal 2)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

Montreal New York (RJ) 13:15 London (RJ) Frankfort (RJ ..... Abu Dhabi (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ) 21:15

Other Flights (Terminal 2) ... Beirut (ME) ....... Doha, Bahrain (GF)

Upperflower price in fils per kg. ple ...... 580/ 500 Apricots 700 / 600

Apricots 500 / 450

Banana (Mukamurar) 450 / 400

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العلدًا صد الأحل

## New law on press freedom to be sent to Parliament

By Omar Al Omari Petra

AMMAN - The new law on press and publications which the government is to submit to Parliament for approval is not a mere amendment to the old law but rather a new law that takes into account the democratic transformations in the Kingdom and the National Charter, according to Minister of Information and Culture Khaled Karaki.

The new draft law has been throughly studied by advisors working for the government who also enlisted the views of many experienced specialists serving in the fields of the press and publishing bouses as well as writers, Dr. Karaki said in a statement in the Jordan News Agency, Petra,

He said the new law guarantees freedom of printing, freedom of expression in any form including writings and drawings and freedom of the press to provide the public with news, commentary and material related to science and culture. The law guarantees public freedom and rights for all, the minister said.

He said that the new draft law ensures the right for access to information and news which would be presented to members of the public who will be allowed to publish their views in freedom.

The new law guarantees the right of newspaper editors and ionmalists to keep confidential and secret sources of information and news. It also grants political parties, cultural, social and professional institutions the right to free expression and to publish their activities and achievements.

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Dr. Karaki said that the new law, however, reaffirms certain basic principles related to the ethics of the profession of the media, like being objective and accurate in reporting and refraining from publishing anything that might stir violence or deepen hatreds or create tendencies towards sectarianism and racism.

According to the minister, the new law provides terms and conditions for those wishing to issue my periodicals or publication. He said that the new law empowers the Council of Ministers to grant licences for new publications within 30 days after the date of application for such licences but the government also has the right to deny such licences provided it gives justifications for such refusal, which in trun could be ontested at the Higher Court of Justice.

The new law on press and publication defined the government's share in the ownership of a newspaper, Dr. Karaki said. Such participation should not exceed 30 per cent of the total capital of the newspaper or press institution, explained the minis-

He added that the new law emphasises private freedoms and stresses that the press should by no means publish anything that may conflict with such freedoms, national responsibilities, human rights and the values upheld by the Arah and Islamic nations.

The minister said that the law organises the terms and condioons for any reply to articles printed in the press, conditions, and terms for publishing books inside or outside the country and conditions related to the practice of local newspapers and journalists receiving grants or gifts from any source in Jordan or ahroad.

According to the law, a licnence for issuing a publication can be granted to journalists, a firm or a political party. The minister said that the law does not restrict the number of publications or

periodicals that can be published. The Council of Ministers, which met Saturday evening under the chairmanship of Prime Minister Taher Masri, approved the new draft law on press and publications in Jordan.

Dr. Karaki said the draft law will now go before Parliament for debate and approval.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Justice Minister Tayseer Kanaan with the first

batch of students from the Judicial Institute (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

## **U.S. funding of Jordanian** projects to be resumed

By P.V.Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The green light has been given for the resumpoon of spending on programmes in Jordan financed by the United States after the Bush administration provided certification in Congress to unfreeze aid suspended since April, U.S. officials said Sun-

There was an amount of \$57 million which was in the pipeline that was frozen in April and now this has been unfrozen," said Tom Oliver, director of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) in Am-

The clearance came after President George Bush certified to Congress on July 23 Jordan's "helpfulness" in the American-led Middle East peace process, Mr. Oliver said. The aid was suspended hy Congress in an expression of Washington's displeasure with Jordan's refusal to join the U.S.-led anti-Iraq coalition in the Gulf crisis.

American officials said early this month that Presideot Bush had sent the necessary legislation to Congress to unfreeze financial assistance to Jordan. But, they added, no new funds have been committed and military aid programmes are still under review.

In addition in the \$57 million, which Mr. Oliver said was in the form of economic assistance committed under agreements signed in previous years. the presidential certification has cleared the way for formal procedures to discuss further aid to Jordan.

Mr. Oliver said the USAID office in Amman had already resumed work on projects which were frozen as a result of the aid suspension. These include industrial and agricultural development programmes and feasibility studies carried out under allocations made in years prior to 1990.

The administration had earmarked \$31 million in assistance to Jordan for fiscal year 1991 (October 1990 to Septemher 1991), but the allocation was removed under the congressional order, leaving the amount of possible allocation to Jordan subject to further consultations with Congress.

The high end of consultations with the Congress is \$31 million but we don't know how mucb will be the actual amount," Mr. Oliver said. The allocation has to be made before Sept. 30, the end of fiscal

The United States is also providing about 240,000 tonnes of feed grain for poultry and livestock worth \$27 million to Jordan under an agreement signed in July. This assistance

is not covered by the restraint imposed by Congress since it is channelled through the Department of Agriculture and not USAID.

Total American assistance to Jordan for fiscal 1990 was close to \$270 million, including grains and military aid. Part of the assistance was allocated against "debts unpaid." A similar level of assistance was expected for 1991 but the Gulf crisis, which led to the strain in American-Jordanian relacions. preempted it. In fact, the original earmark for aid to the Kingdom for 1991 was \$85 million, including military aid. This was reduced to \$55 million late last year by Congress.

Fresh requests for aid to Jordan will be presented to Congress in October for fiscal year 1992 and Mr. Oliver expressed confidence that the congressional decision will he favourable.

Mr. Oliver said he would only discuss economic assistance and referred all questions related to military aid to the American embassy.

Under the 1991 earmark, military assistance was expected to be \$20 million. An American embassy spokesman said he expected that amount to be restored.

The Congress is scheduled to end its summer recess later this

#### of Judiciary in Jordan AMMAN (Petra) — Deputising for His Majesty King Hussein. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan named three "This care is a dear certificate elements which he said were which every member in the Judicial system boasts of. It also

**Prince Hassan cites role** 

Prince Hassan Sunday attended the graduation of the first batch of students from the Jordanian Judicial Institute.

Addressing the graduation ceremony, Prince Hassan voiced the King's utmost care for the independence of the Judicial system and its integrity, io accordance with Article 30 of the Jordanian Constitution, which placed the Judiciary branch above two Executive and Legislaove bran-

The Crown Prince said that the independence of the Judiciary does not mean its isolation from Jordanian Society. He hoped that the Judiciary will look into all means for advancing the profession and to reach at objective and independent approach characterised by integrity and jusoce, he

necessary for strengthening the Judiciary. These elements are: - obtaining a higher academic

degree in an area of specialisation and henefitting from all modern legal theories that are capable of eoriching the law profession in our country,

all decisions taken by the Jordanian Judiciary, particularly the decisioos passed by the Higher Judicial bodies because analytical documentation of such decisions benefit the continuity of work. - and preparadon of a perception of the Judiciary establish-

Also addressing the graduation ceremooy was Jusoce Minister Tayseer Kanaan, who voiced his gratitude for the King for the care His Majesty gives to the Judicial

administration of justice," Mr. Kanaan said. The judicial institute has been established upon the directives of His Majesty King Hussein to prepare qualified cadres in the judicial field. - documenting and keeping

At the end of the ceremony, Prince Hassan presented the certificates to the graduates and received the institute's trophy.

serves as an incenove for dedi-

cated work and for the smooth

The graduation ceremooy was attended by the Speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, a number of cabinet ministers, members of the Jordan Bar Association's board, judges and members of the Board of the Judicial Institute.

## Farmers in Jordan Valley to be compensated for loss of crops

DEIR ALLA (J.T.) - Farmers whose crops were severely damaged in the last agricultural season due to the use of polluted water from the King Talai Dam will receive compensation from the government at the rate of JD 8 per dunum, Minister of Water and Irrigation Samir Kawar announced Sunday.

Should these farmers decide not to grow any vegetables and fruit oo the affected lands in the coming agricultural season in October, they would be eligible to receive JD 12 per dunum, the minister said at a meeting with farmers during an inspection visit to the Jordan Valley region.

Farmers were reported to have sustained damages estimated totalling JD 60 million allegedly because they had used polluted water from the King Talal Dam.

As of Saturday, three centres will open at Deir Alla, Tallat Al Ramel and south Shuneh to receive applications for compensation, the minister said.

Last winter, the government set up a special committee to investigate the causes of the dam-

age but no report was published about its fiodings and the compensation to farmers was seen by many observers as an implied admission that the water of the King Talal Dam reaching the farmlands was polluted, causing the damage to the crops.

The government is giving due concern to the question of irrigation in the Jordan Valley region and is currently studying all aspects related in water in the Kingdom to find proper solutions for each region, the minister said.

The question of water pollution at the King Talal Dam resulting from the flow of water treated at Khirbet Al Samra Waste Water Treatment Plant will also be dealt with and the government plans to improve the quality of water for irrigation in accordance with internationally recognised standards, the minister added.

Mr. Kawar said that the government will never allow contaminated water to reach the farmlands because of its dangerous effects on humans. He said that orders went out for the start of repair on the King Abdullah

the Yarmouk River to the Jordan Valley farmlands. The Jordan Valley Anthority (JVA) will issmediately begin maintenance work to save up to an estimated 20 per cent of the irrigation water which is being lost due to leakages in the canal.

According to the minister, the cost of a cubic metre of water reaches 58 fils but is sold to the farmers at the rate of only six fils, with government covering the rest of the cost.

The distribution of irrigation water will be fair and strictly monitored by JVA regardless of the type of crops, the minister

He also announced that an agreement was reached with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) to examine the soil in the central Jordan Valley region under the supervision of a foreign firm to ensure that it is not contaminated and can be used for farming.

Lands irrigated by water from the King Talal Dam will be tested periodically under this agreement, Mr. Kawar said.

## Malaysian experts stress nutritional value of palm oil products in seminar

By: Ica Wahbeh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -- A three-member Malaysian delegation currently. on a vist to Jordan beld a of palm oil, its uses and its nutritional value in an effort to promote awareness of the pro-

The visit to Jordan is part of a tour of palm oil importing countries by experts from the Malaysian Palm Oil Institute. The visits are conducted on an annual basis to update importers' knowledge and pass technical and scientific information

on palm oil.

Malaysia is the biggest producer and exporter of palm oil. Oil palm accounts for nearly a third of the country's cultivated area. The country supplies 57.2 per cent of the world's palm oil production.

Jordan, which has a 6.92 kilogramme per capita con-sumption of palm oil, is one of the Middle East countries that imports Malaysian oil. The re-gion imports 1.68 million tonnes of paim oil, accounting for 25 per cent of the total Mala-

sian production. According to experts at the semmar, the palm tree bears about 10 to 12 fruit bunches a year and is never without fruit from the time it starts producing, when the tree is three years old, to the time it ceases to be economically productive,

about 22 years later. Oil is extracted from the pulp of the fruit, the mesocarp, and from the kernel. Both parts are made up of 50 per

The extraction process is different for each and they are kept separate for the properties not to get mixed up.

According to the experts, extensive research was done in various countries in order to counter criticism regarding high cholesterol levels in palm oil. Researchers found that palm oil, contrary to previous thinking, helps increase "good" HDL (high-density lipoprotein) and reduce "bad" LDL (low-density lipoprotein) cholesterol.

Palm oil is the only vegetable oil with a balanced composition of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, both in processed and unprocessed forms. When freshly extracted from the mesocarp, palm oil is the richest known source of heta-carotene, the pro-vitamin A pigment, and has a high content of vitamin E. These two elements help inhibit cancer (they were identified as possible anti-cancer agents) and reduce the blood clotting tendency thus reducing the risk of cardiovascular diseases.

The oil, experts say, is highly. versatile, having a large array of uses. When refined into a hight-coloured product, it is used in deep frying and cooking, in margarine, ghee, bak-ery fats, confectionery and non-dairy whiteners. The byproducts are the non-food applications such as soaps, cosmetic products, candles, paper and even palm diesel.

As a source of energy, palm oil has been compared to mother's milk, providing uine kilocalories per gramme.

# Swiss government considering

AMMAN (I.T.) — The Swiss government has decided to consider part of its 60-million-Swiss franc loan to Jordan as a grant in a bid to help the Kingdom overcome part of its external debt burden, according to a statement by Ministry of Planning Secretary

Switzerland is now considering changing a sum of 20 million Swiss francs (about JD 9 million), its share in the loan, to a grant to Jordan but the rest of that loan would have to be settled with the creditors — a consortium of Swiss hanks, Dr. Tougan said.

The Council of Ministers here had approved an amendment to this agreement which was originally signed last June. The council also authorised the minister of

planning to formally sign the amendment to the agreement on ernments, Dr. Touqan said.

Switzerland is one of a number of Enropean countries which offered Jordan loans and grants in the wake of the Gulf crisis to ease the pressure on the Kingdom's national economy, which was severely affected by the cri-

In another development, Dr. Tougan announced that he had reached agreement with the Soviet government to hold a joint Jordanian-Soviet meeting in Amman in the coming month to implement a joint cultural prog-

ramme for the coming two years. Dr. Touqan made the state-

The two officials agreed that Jordan and the Soviet Union should conduct a comprehensive evaluation of their joint executive programme on cultural cooperation by the end of this year, Dr. Tougan said. He added that agreement was reached that a joint meeting should he held in Amman before the end of the coming month to review the implementation of the cultural programme for the coming two years.

Jordan attaches great importance to the implementation of the programme, which is designed to launch cooperation in science, higher education, education, informatioo, culture, tourism, archaeology, youth, health and vocational training, he said.

# forgiving part of loan to Jordan office Sunday with Soviet Ambas-sador to Jordan Yuri Griadunov.

General Safwan Touqan.

behalf of the Jordanian gov-

ment following a meeting at his

## **Production Supervisor Wanted** JORDAN RIVER ENTERPRISES

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# WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

### **EXHIBITIONS**

X Exhibition of traditional embroideries and hand-made items at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel.

Rabibition of paintings depicting the Jordanian environment by artist Shaher Al Jurus at the Royal Cultural Centre.

#### SYMPOSIUM

Symposium entitled "Gorbachevism — Revolution or Counter-Revolution" at Abdul Hameed Shoman's Cultural and Scientific Centre - 6:30 p.m.

By Waleed Sadi

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## On circles and bottlenecks

GRANTED THAT the exodus of Iraqis and Jordanian and Palastinian expatriates into Jordan over the past several menths has contributed to the unusually beavy traffic jams being witnessed in Amman and some other Jordanian cities these days. But the truth is that the real sources of our traffic problems lie more with the way our people drive and the design and planning of the reads their cars have to negotiate in order to get there. Take for example the decision to block two small but vital intersections on the main Jabal Amman thoroughfare, specifically between the Fifth and Six circles and the Sixth and Seventh circles. Ostensibly the verdict to close those connecting points with the other side of the Jobai Amman area was to speed up the flow of treffic and avoid its obstruction by periodic turns to the left or right of that congested part of the capital. Yet what ensued from that unfortunate step is exactly the opposite because by confining the "turning points" to two main intersections several bottlenecks were unnecessarily created. As all vehicles are forced to continue their drives till the "bitter end of the road," namely Fifth and Sixth circle traffic lights, in order to turn into Um Uthaina and Swaifieh, the inevitable may bem crupts at exactly those two points. The same applies to Gardens Street and Jordan University Road, among many others, where drivers are obliged to go many extra and unnecessary kilometres in order to be able to turn to where they want to go in the first place. Eastend of these troublesome traffic jams caused by the artificially created buttlenecks, it would have been saner and less costly in terms of time and gasoline costs for the concerned authorities to have maintained a sufficient number of outlets and intersections on the principal streets. The only price that drivers would have had to pay for keeping the original solution is the control of their speed, which is a maximum of 69 km/hr inside towns anyway. In actual terms such control in the speed of automobiles on the affected streets would not be so much as to justify traffic bottlenecks in so many arteries of Amman,

Of course there are many other traffic problems that the urban areas of our country continue to suffer from. On so many occasions the matter of maintaining well-defined lanes was raised again and again without any solution in sight. It so bappers that well-marked lanes contribute to driving discipline that Jordanians so desperately need to learn once and for all. The process to draw up distinct recognisable traffic hass is not such an expensive venture that our traffic authorities or the Assesses municipality cannot afford it. The occuration costs of Leoping our streets in such disorderly there, act to recation its human costs, outweigh any ecercuic fectors pertaining to having street lanes and Stop sign markings. The trouble with traffic intersections as with traffic lanes and Stop signs which still no one pays any attention to lies in fact that no-one in the concerned authorities is paying attention to what the people of Jordan have been constantly warning against. If the national dialogue on such preming issues continues to be a dialogue between the deal, then there is no point in pursuing this matter any longer. Hopefully this time around, when the streets of Amman are so heavily congested, somone out there will listen and take note of what the people of Jordan need and desire.

When a former mayor of Amman was asked not too long ago why he would not entertain the idea of building an pridicial lake in Amman, his answer was simple. "I do not went to be responsible for anybody drowning in it," he said. Well, do our traffic officials want the responsibility for the loss of hundreds of lives in traffic accidents every year simply because they cannot do a good job in their field of

#### Arabic Press commentaries

IN HIS interview with Visnews television network a few days ago His Majesty King Hussein called for a united Arab stand and concerted efforts on the part of Arab states in direct confrontation with Israel before the peace conference can convene in October, Al Ra'i daily said Sanday. It said that Jordan is keen on unifying the Arab parties' stand with regard to this important conference not because it cannot stand by itself, but rather because it is keen on achieving a united Arab stand that can be of real weight at the coming conference which is supposed to discuss issues of common concern to all Arabs, the paper noted. Any further delay in uniting Arab countries' stand is bound to weaken the Arab position, said the paper. The paper noted that Israeb and American teams of officials and experts have been working hand in hand for a long time in order to coordinate their views at the coming conference at a time when the Arabs are in disarray and failing to achieve the minimum level of courdination. The paper said that Israel is skillful in falsifying facts and distorting situations, and, unless the Arabs are up to that challenge, they would soon be deceived

AL Dustour daily tackled the plight of the Jordanian-Palestinian community in Kuwait and said that Western countries are tightlipped and turning a blind eye to the atrocities committed against this community by the Kuwaiti authorities. The Western countries' silence about such atrocities is tantamount to condoning such actions and such atrocities and is considered as an outright support for the Kuwaiti crimes against Palestinian and Jordanian civilians, the paper noted. We are hlaming the Western countries because they had been bragging about human rights, had launched a war against Iraq under that pretext and bave been claiming to uphold international law and implement international legitimacy, the paper added. The leaders of the Kuwaiti regime seem to have closed their ears to calls from Arah brothers orging them to stop the inhuman treatment of Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates simply because they are backed by the military forces of the U.S-led alliance, the paper continued. We are indeed saddened to see Arab countries failing to do anything to halt the atrocities but we are also appalled by the attitude of the Western countries and their failure to uphold buman rights and international principles in the case of the oppressed expatriates driven out from Kuwait.

Weekly Political Pulse

# Iraqis only can choose and shape their destiny

THE kind of punitive measures being applied against Iraq must have as their aim either the overthrow of the Saddam Hussein regime or the destruction and mutilation of the Iraqi nation or both. How else can one explain the string of United Nations Security Conncil resolutions being adopted on Baghdad which in their cumulative effect appear to aim for the dismantling of the Iraqi nation and rendering it impotent and subservient for as long

Against this seemingly international plot against part of the Arab World, the Arabs appear ominously silent. Recently, however, Cairo began to change its stance on the basically Western determination to liquidate Iraq by noticing Washington, and other capitals supportive of the U.S. master plan, that the Egyptian people will not support any more military strikes against Iraq, under any pretext, since such military offensives would be viewed by the Egyptian people as a bellicose effort to destroy an Arab country.

If this new Egyptian logic is pursued a little further and extended to its logical conclusion one would likewise conclude that the economic blockade on Iraq is a great threat against the well being of an imporant part of the Arab World and therefore must be foiled and aborted.

Unfortunately, Cairo's voice against the continuation of measures against Iraq and its people is not being effectively ecboed by other Arab capitals, with the exception of Amman, as far as one can detect. Had the silent Arab capitals joined the meak chorus against the disfiguration of Iraq and the dispersion of its people, there might have been some hope that Iraq and its people could still be saved from the terrible fate they bave faced already.

As for the rest of the comity of nations, there is no hope whatsoever that they may succeed in arresting the campaign against the Iraqi leadership and its people as long as the permanent members of the U.N. Security Council view their collective interests as better served by aiding and abetting such a

Against this backdrop, the Iraqi leadeship has two options: either to stay firm against the relemiless efforts to bring it down or to give way to other forces that have a chance to soften the blows against their country.

Rightly or wrongly, whenever a country is defeated as badly as Iraq was, the leadership immediately changes in order to better absorb the shock and effects of such a defeat.

If one may draw a parallel between the defeat of Germany and Japan in the World War II and the defeat of Iraq, then the natural thing to anticipate in the Iraqi situation is a change of leadership. Obviously such a decision in Iraq cannot be taken lightly or with impunity. Only the Iraqi people have the right to exercise such a prerogative to determine its future by a national plebiscite democratically conducted. After all, the people of Iraq are and should be the final arbiters of such a national course in the wake

of the defeat of their country in the Gulf war.

Surely the Iraqi people would weigh their decision with utmost national responsibility and take into consideration the events and circumstances that bave led to the defeat of their armed forces.

In the Arab World, there are some precedents for such a course of action to take in the aftermath of a defeat of the magnitude

Iraq has sustained. The late Egyptian leader, Gamal Abdul Nasser, took that course when his country was defeated in the 1967 war with Israel, albeit the decision to refer the leadership issue to the Egyptian people did not take the formal route of a referendum.

Accordingly, the sooner the Iraqi people are given such a right and the sooner the Iraqi leadership takes this road for national salvation the better it is for all sides.

As the Iraqi government is now keener than ever to introduce parliamentary democracy, such political developments on the domestic scene would provide the kind of opportunity for Iraq and its people to determine its future. As things stand now, there is a grave risk that Iraq would continue to be bled to death and its people dispersed across the Middle East and beyond.

If this is in essence the purpose of the Washington-London axis, then Iraq and its people must endeavour to preempt such a plan by taking the kind of remedial actions that could succeed in pulling the rug from under the feet of their enemies.

If the Iraqis choose to keep their leaders and renew their confidence in them, then the enemies of Iraq will have to take note of this solemn decision and give up their vicious attack on it. But as long as the Iraqi people are denied the opportunity to voice their support for their leadership thea the enemies of Iraq would continue to entertain illusions about their ability to destroy Iraq.



# Beware Bush's 'new look'

PRESIDENT George Bush did not ask Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir to make a gesture toward the Islamic Jihad, as did British Premier John Major. Had he done so, he would have received a polite, reasoned reply, like that sent to Mr. Major, saying that Israel couldn't play games with estures while ignoring its seven PoWs and MiAs in Lebanon.

After slipping in his first reaction to the Islamic Jihad demands, Mr. Bush reverted to the traditional U.S. policy of not surrendering to blackmail by a terrorist organisation. And it makes no difference whether the hlackmail is about a money ransom (releasing the billions of dollars of Iranian assets frozen in the U.S.) or political ransom (pressure on Israel to free terrorists).

However, the American media, which do not question the administration's wisdom in refusing to unblock the Iranian assets to spring the Western hostages in Lebanon, this week worked overtime calling for an Israeb gesture to bring about the release of American and British hostages kidnapped and beld by the pro-Iranian militias in Lebanon.

The crushing reply to these calls was given this week by Dr. Henry Kissinger who explained that American pressure on Israel to release terrorists would only invite new kidnappings of Amer-

This claim by Mr. Kissinger is consistent with his stand even in the days when he was President Richard Nixon's adviser. Among papers found in the White House is a memorandum the thennational security adviser sent on Dec. 4, 1970, to the president. It

"Dear Mr. President: In view of the news stories about possible plots of kidnapping (Kissinger himself), I would like to state my position in the extraordinary event that this should occur. If such an attempt should succeed. I would like to ask you to meet no demands of the kidnappers, however trivial. I would assume that any demand that is met would establish a precedent which is against the national interest. If you should receive any communication from me to the contrary, you should assume that it was made under duress. Re-

spectfully, Henry A. Kissinger." The line laid down by the Nixon administration has directed U.S. governments since and other Muslims held by it.

then: unlike France, which bas agreed to financial and political deals with terror groups to free its citizens in captivity, the U.S. has stood firm on the principle of not surrendering to terrorist blackmail.

This consistent stand, however, showed a crack at the beginning of the week when Mr. Bush made some remarks on the subject of the hostages in Lebanon. His words could be interpreted by the Islamic Jihad to mean it had won the president's understanding of their demands for an Israeli gesture as a condition for letting Western hostages in Beirut go free. In the course of the week, the administration was forced to work hard to clarify that the U.S. would not press Israel and would not try to squeeze from it a gesture in favour of the Islamic

Jihad Some 10 months ago, Iran asked the Swiss government to mediate between it and Israel concerning the freeing of Shirte prisoners in South Lehanon; Switzerland proposed that Israel take the first step as a gesture for freeing prisoners, to advance the release of Western hostages and Israeb PoWs, and MiAs in Lebanon. Israel responded to the Swiss recommendation and freed

40 Shiite prisoners. But that gesture remained un-answered. The U.S. was privy to this negotiation, so Mr. Bush made a grave factual error in crediting the American agreement with Syriar, President Hafez Al Assad concerning a regional peace conference for the Islamic Jihad proposal to free American hostages in return for pressure on Israel (the organisation works under Iranian guidance in Syrian-controlled territory).

From Israel's viewpoint, the Islamic Jihad's message to the U.N. secretary general poses a worse condition than the approach through Switzerland: for at that time, October 1990, the negotiation was conducted from the outset over the inclusion of Israeb prisoners and MiAs in the deal. Only in April this year did the Iranian foreign minister change the terms by announcing at a news conference in Tehran that his country would be ready

to cooperate in freeing hostages in Lebanon if the U.S. pressed Israel to release Sheikh Obeid

At his vacation bome, Mr. Bush was not fully briefed with all the facts; had he been informed of the content of the Islamic Jihad note, he would have taken care not to voice that unfortunate remark about the deep concern by the captors of the hostages regarding the Palestinian problem. Had he read the document, he would have been careful not to praise what it said:

"If struggle, jihad, and resistance against the superpowers is terrorism, we and the oppressed peoples throughout the world are proud to be terrorists, combating injustice and striking terror into the hearts of the enemies of God and Mankind, as long as they interfere in the internal affairs of oppressed nations and peoples nywhere in the world.

And if Mr. Bush had gone on to read the next sentence, be would have seen:

"The U.N. should endeavour to put an end to the begemony of the superpowers over its resolutions and activities, and one of its first tasks should be to abolish the iniquitous right of veto, which is rightly regarded as worse than the law of the jungle."

Assuredly, be would have refrained from congratulating the Iranian government for its part in freeing Western hostages, since it is clear to everyone that this statement was not written in Beirut, but dictated by the Iranian Foreign Ministry: it bas launched a campaign to abolish the big powers' veto in the U.N. Security Council — something which is not the concern of the 'Oppressed of the World" in Beirut.

It is doubtful that Mr. Bush would have recommended listening sympathetically to the words of the Beirut kidnappers to their captives had he first read this segment of their note to the U.N. secretary general:

"We appeal to you, in your capacity as secretary general of the U.N., and to the world as a whole, to adopt Islam as an ideology, a code of law, and a system to follow the teachings of the great Imam (Ayatollah) Khomeini, who expounded the principles and conventions on

which peoples, movements and regimes must base their endeavours to achieve progress, to solve the problems with which they are burdened, and to achieve happiness and wellbeing."

It may be assumed that he would even have been careful not to commend their remarks on the Palestinian issue: most of the hostages grabbed in Lebanon a priori firmly espoused a pro-Arab line; they did not need the lectures they got.

The hostage David Jacobson of the American University of Beirut justified his views, after being freed, by saying that what be had been videotaped as saying against President Ronald Reagan and Israel was said "under

In contrast, the American mis-

sionary Benjamin Weir staved faithful to the anti-Israel, pro-Palestinian line he preached during 32 years in Lebanon. On his return to Washington, be called on the U.S. administration to change its policy toward Israel, which be barshly attacked though he knew be had been freed thanks to Israeli intervention in Tehran!

Then-president Reagan sent a note of thanks to Israel for that and his vice-president, Mr. Bush heard during his visit to Jernsalem of the Iranian instructions broadcast from Tehran to the terrorists in Lebanon.

On the surface, no excessive importance need be attributed to Mr. Busb's casual comment (while playing golf during his vacation); the more so after his subsequent public explanation that the U.S. would not negotiate a deal with terrorists and would not press Israel to make a unilateral gesture.

However, in practice, a remark like that reveals his latent thoughts on the Middle East: they could be symptomatic of the forging of the "New Look" in Washington — a look according a central place to Syria, with a stronger emphasis on the Palestiman cause, and preserving dis-tance in political coordination with Israel.

The development of such a "New Look," for which the regional conference will serve as the anvil, is bound to worry Israel — The Jerusalem Post.

### Flicker of hope illuminates murky underworld of terror By David Hirst

THE upsurge of optimism about the release of another Western hostage in Lebanon, and even the possibility that the Iranian-backed Shiite terrorist underground is now disposed to negotiate a deal for the release of all 12 of them, is far from the first of its kind. Perhaps it is more seriously grounded than usual. But it is almost more confusing, because it came so suddenly.

Furthermore, although there has long been a clear trend local, regional and international - in favour of a happy ending to the hostage saga, an opposite push is also making itself felt at the moment, one that might actually lead to fears of a resurgence of hostage-taking.

It is murky and impenetrable, the underworld of hostagetaking, involving a weird mixture of the criminal and political, the personal, factional and strategic, religious zealotry and cruel cynicism. It features an array of actors - Iranian, Syrian, Israeli, West em. Lebanese Shiite - just ab out everyone, In fact, except the Lebanese state on whose territory

it flourishes. The positive indications may, as U.S. intelligence is suggesting, be based on something of an accident: a sharp deterioration in the health of Terry Anderson, the American journalist who, after his capture in March 1985, has endured his appalling physical and psychological ordeal the

longest of all. On the other hand, they could be the fruits of a series of larger developments. Chief of these is the emergence of President Hashemi Rafsanjani as the undisputed strongman of Iran, the growing ascendancy of his 'pragmatic" wing over its "radical" rivals within the post-Khomeini revolutionary leadership, its determination to improve relations with the West.

and its recognition that the hostages remain a basic obstacle. Characteristically, it was the Tehran Times, mouthpiece of the pragmatists, which broke the

news of a possible release. "Another such constant is the determination of Syria's President Hafez Al Assad - whose wooing of the West has come to fruition with his historic concessions in the Arab-Israeli peace process - to shed a reputation for terrorism every bit as wellearned as Mr. Rafsanjani's once was, and to prove that he can bring peace to Lebanon where everyone else has failed. Syria cannot claim as much

infinence as Iran over the fundamentalist Hizbollah movement and its bostage-taking subgroups, but, if only through the sheer weight and scope of its physical presence, it bas some influence over at least a segment of them. Often in the past it bas used it, with the lucky captive's furtive bandover to Syria intelligence in a West Beirut street, followed by a pre-arranged press conference in Damascus, to achieve maximum credit for it-

The hostage-takers themselves must feel very tempted to strike as favourable a deal as they can, before they lose even more of their diminishing bargaining power with their former sponsors or accomplices.

Their demands, as they have emerged in recent months, have been reduced to the release of up to 500 Lebanese and Palestinian prisoners in Israeli jails, including Sheikh Abdul Karim Obeid, the fundamentalist cleric whom the Israelis abducted from deep inside Lebanon. The deal interests

# the Israelis if they can use it to get

back seven of their soldiers - at least two of whom are known to be still alive - missing in Lebanon. It interests the Western powers because it holds out the prospect of winning freedom for their nationals without having to "bow to terrorist blackmail."

In forecasting the release of an American and a Briton by the weekend, the Tehran Times took good care to warn that things could yet go very wrong. Its caution is perbaps even more justified than usual. The Times must be well aware of challenges to Mr. Rafsanjanj's ascendancy.

The radicals may be staging a desperate rearguard action against him. Some reports have it that they are exploiting - with arson and the fostering of disturbances — the popular discontent engendered by his free market economic policies.

The hostage-takers themselves must feel very tempted to strike as favourable a deal as they can, before they lose even more of their diminishing bargaining power with their former sponsors or accomplices.

The radicals are outraged at the historic concessions which the Arabs have made on behalf of Pax Americana in the Middle East: they are particularly angry that Syria, traditionally Iran's closest Arah ally, should be showing the way. That is an embarrassment to Mr. Rafsanjani too; he recently sent his foreign minister to seek "clear explana-

tions" from Damascus. Habitually, the Iranians rather like the Israelis - are all too willing to exploit their influence in Lehanon for wider strategic purposes. At the moment, their Hizbollah proteges are playing the spoiler's role, refusing to dissolve their militia - as the Palestinians are doing under the aegis of Pax Syriana, and owing to pursue the armed

struggle against Israel to the end. For Mr. Rafsanjani, fundamentalist militancy in Lebanon, insofar as he is still encouraging it, might simply be an instrument for extracting greater recognition for Iran's place in a new, American-dominated, Middle Eastern order; for his radical rivals it could be the base of a deadly seriously campaign, against him as well as against "the Great Satan."

The last time, in June, that the Tehran Times forecast an imminent hostage release, the eminence grise of the radicals, the former interior minister Ab Akbar Mohtashemi, told a rival Tebran newspaper that this would be a "two-edged weapon." If it involved any deviation from "legitimate" Islamic demands, he warned darkly, it would "definitely lead to internal (Iranian?) and external explosions."

Who, one wonders, is the Organisation for the Defence or Prisoners' Rights, which threw a grenade last night near U.N. offices in West Beirut, urging the U.N. Secretary-General, "the U.N. Secretary-General, godfather of this deal, not to get involved in suspicious acts that serve the interests of American intelligence agencies and the Israeb Mossad"?

Almost all is conjecture in this unpredictable field, but it could well be that, with the Iranian pragmatists pushing so hard, the chances of a happy ending are better than ever. - The Guar-

#### Jordan commuted sentences

(Continend from page 1) detainers to judges to assess the legality of their detention

According to Mr. Cordone, all these safeguards are in-chided in the United Nations Convention against Torture. Tordan has decided to ratify this treaty as well as the optional protocol to the Intertional Convention of Civil and Political Rights.

Amnesty's definition of an

ideal country in terms of re-spect of human rights is based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other international standards, "We call on all governments to ratify these and to adapt local and national laws in line with the international treaties," Mr. Megally said.

Specifically, Amnesty works for the release of all people imprisoned because of political or religious views or ethnic or racial discrimination, of who have not used or advocated violence, one of those who are termed prisoners of conscience. "We ask for the repeal of any legislation that allows such individuals to be imprisoned," Mr. Megally explained. Amnesty also works for fair, prompt trial for all political prisoners. "We are against torture and death penalty in all cases," he said.

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"In that sense, any government that follows these principals are close to an ideal country that we seek," Mr. Megally said.

Asked how Amnesty assessed Jordan's records and performance when compared to other countries of the region. Wr. Megally said that the organisation tries not to make such comparisons. We try not to compare countries and not to have a league table of coutries in terms of burnan rights records," he said. Each country has its own social, economic and political context as violations and "each country differs greatly in terms of types and intensity," he said. However, we welcome any improvements in human rights situations."

On a different level, Mr. Megally said that Amnesty is very concerned about the situation of Palestinians. Jordanians and other nationals returning from Kuwait."

"We have called on Kuwaiti authorities not to expel anyone (from Kuwait)," be added. Amnesty has also called on authorities not to execute any of the prisoners recently convicted or sentenced to death. "Amnesty is pleased that those sentences are now commuted. but it has expressed concern about trials that have already taken place, particularly over allegations of torture, pre-trial detention and lack of appeal following detention."

The two delegates will report back to the secretary general (of Amnesty International, in London and seek to continue the "constructive dialogue" and the open access to Jordan that we have today." Mr. Megally said. "Where it is appropriate, we will make further recommendations to the government in the spirit of the improvements that are taking place presently," Mr.

Megally said.
The Amnesty experts voiced satisfaction over the importance Jordan bas given to the respect of buman rights in the National Charter. "We hope that positive steps are taken by Jordan that will encourage improvement of buman rights throughout the region," Mr. Megally said.

through the Kingdom if the

Israeli occupation authorities per-

His Majesty King Hussein re-

ferred to the issue in a recent

interview. "If we can secure

in July 1989 to be used as a

bargaining chip for securing the release of seven Israeli service-

men missing in Lebanon. He was a top official in South

Lebanon for the Shiite Hizbollah,

which is believed to he an

umhrelia group for the groups holding most of the 11 Wester-

ners missing in Lebanon. The

hostage-holders are demanding

Sheikh Obeid's release from a

hostage-taking will undoubtedly

not be resolved in the near fu-

ture," Mr. Khomeini said.

prison in Israel.

#### Syria, Egypt accept Arab talks

(Continend from page 1) Israeli withdrawal from all Arab territories occupied in the 1967 war - including Jerusalem - the right of the Palestinian people to return to their homeland and

international legitimacy."

Mr. Najjab also said that the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, which is based in the occupied Gaza Strip, has rejected participating in a meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC), expected to be convened

in Algiers on Sept. 15.
"We contacted the Hamas leadership and invited them to a preparatory meeting for the PNC session, but they refused," Mr. Najjah said

His Majesty King Hussein said recently that he planned to visit Damascus soon for talks with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad. The 450-member PNC will elect a new seventh council. which includes the presidency,

the Executive Committee and

representatives from PLO fac-

Hamas had demanded a quota for its representation in the PNC. hut Mr. Naijah would not comment whether the PLO rejected

Hamas' proposals. "There will be independent representatives from those in the diaspora and new faces in the Palestinian organisation (in the upcoming elections)," Mr. Najiab said

He added that the PNC meeting "would either support or reject the plan towards the peace

He said that the majority of the PLO and PNC members sup-

ported a general peace process based on international legitima-

Foreign Minister David Levy.

"Levy expressed the Israeli

government's position that the

issue could not be resolved except

offering employment to Palestinian expatriates, official sources said. "But the offers are limited to skilled workers such as teachers, engineers etc.," said

in the local press inviting applica-tions through the PLO for employment in Algeria and Lihya.

U.S. President George Bush Sunday credited Iran with playing a more constructive role in the United Nations in negotiating terms for the release of remaining

short of saying that Iran had taken the lead in efforts to bridge the differences between the hostage-takers and Israel, be told reporters: "I think there's a feel-

The president also said he was unconcerned about the current Inll in the peace process and said he did not believe there had been a loss of momentum although "we ought not to get the hopes of

## Government takes steps to help returnees AMMAN (J.T.) — The newly-established Returnees Welfare

Committee met Sunday under the chairmansbip of Salameh Hammad, who is also the secretary general of the Interior Ministry, and discussed the information and statistics collected about Jordanian and Palestinian citizens who have returned to Jordan after losing their jobs in Kuwaii and other Gulf states.

Mr. Hammad also had a meeting with a leading member of the Jordanian community in Kuwait. Abdullah Al Oag, who expressed the appreciation and gratitude of Jordanians returning from Kuwait to His Majesty King Hus-

Mr. Hammad was briefed by Dr. Qaq on the demands of returnees and the difficulties they are encountering. Later, he met with the director of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) affairs in Jordan, Frank de Jonge, and discussed with him the agency's potential contributions to help the retur-

British charge d'affaires in Amman and discussed with him scopes of assistance to the retur-

The Returnees Welfare Committee has recently been created upon directives from His Majesty King Hussein to provide the necessary facilities for the retun-

In implementation of the Royal directives, the Customs Department Sunday issued a circular to all customs directors to exempt from customs duties personal luggage and effects accompanying Jordanians coming from Kuwait for permaoent residence in Jordan, provided that the returnees prodoce a document proving that they were bying abroad.

Elaborating on the new customs facilities, the director general, Mahdi Farhan, said new instructions bad been given to all customs officers requesting that they facilitate the entry of the returnees luggage into the coun-

try.
The instructions gave customs

Mr. Hammad also met with the officials the authority to grant exemptions in accordance with the provisions set out by the circular issued Sunday, without referring to the Customs Department. The new instructions allow for more flexibility in checking incoming luggage accompanying

> Customs officials can only check a specifie number of items against the Customs Clearance Declaration rather than cheeking all the items. The instructions also gave priority to furniture over other items.

The circular provided for ex-

empting from customs duties all household utensils, electric equipment and carpets accompanying returnees, provided that such equipment are designed solely for use by the families concerned. The instructions also gave customs officials or their deputies the authority to determine the consumption rate. However if any dispute arises about this rate, it should be settled in favour of the returnee. Under the new instructions, the beneficiaries from the customs exemptions must present a written statement that neither they not any of their family members were granted exemption for their furniture over the last two years. They will also have pay customs duties and taxes on such furniture if it has been established

that such items were granted ex-

emption during the previous two

In another development, the Ministry of Education said it had taken steps to absorb more than 50,000 students, and was planning to accommodate another 20,000, according to ministry Secretary-General Munther Al

In an interview with Jordan Television, Dr. Masri said the Ministry of Education had taken a number of measures aimed at enbancing its capacity to deal with the buge number of students who will enrol in its schools this year. The measures included, inter alia, abandoning plans to leave rented schools, increasing the number of students in all sections from 35 and 40 to 50 ggs

class, restoring the two ships school system and recruitment of about 500 teachers. Dr. Masri pointed out that the osts involved would be around JD 8 to 10 million. He added that

there were no problems in adigit-

ting students, even if they do rin

have documents. "We will take the students" word concerning the classes they were in." the ministry's secretary general said.

However, the ministry's direct ior general of education, ಮೈನ Khaled Al Sheikh said in air interview with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that students weuld be given a period of six weeks to bring in their documents. "In case it is impossible for a student to bring these documents, he or she will have to sit for a test to assess his level, and the student will be accepted in the right class," Dr. Soeikh saio. 3.

## American delegation calls for lifting of sanctions against Iraq

eight Americans concerned with humanitarian issues related to the Gulf war and the Arab-Israeli conflict left Amman for Cairo Sunday after brief visits to Syria, Iraq and Jordan.

Affiliated with the Human Rights Project, a nongovernmental organisation based in Washington, the group in-cluded two physicians, business executives and writers. One of the physicians, James McDermott, is also a member of the U.S. Congress from Scattle, Washington. He is travelling in a private capacity.

Coordinator of the group is Dr. Landrum Bolling, former college president and long-time student of Middle East affairs and recently retired Rector of The Écumenical Institute at Tantour, on the edge of Bethlehem.

"Our mission," Dr. Bolling "has been to inform ourselves about the human realities resulting from the tragic events of the Gulf conflict so that we may be better able to hold discussions with policy-makers and opinion-makers in the United States. Our country is engaged in a whole series of inter-related debates about the Gulf war and American policies in the Middle East. We want our participation in those discussions to be based on verifiable facts and direct firsthand observation."

Asked about their impressions of conditions in Iraq, Dr. Bolling replied: "We were in Iraq too short a time to have more than a limited set of superficial views. However, we visited several hos-pitals in Baghdad and in provincial towns, we talked at length with government officers and with representatives of several international NGOs actively engaged in humanitarian assistance projects.

We saw a number of shocking cases of severely mal-nourished small children, he continued. "We all agreed that the issues of adequate supplies of baby milk

## addressed in a more urgent man-

AMMAN (J.T.) — A group of and certain medicines must be ner by both the world community and the government of Iraq." "Speaking personally, my own

feeling was that the sanctions on food and medical supplies should be lifted totally and immediately and that Iraq should have access to its financial resources to purchase those supplies in world markets," Dr. Bolling said. "The United States and the United Nations should adjust their policies accordingly. Meanwhile, it seemed to me that the Iraqi government could itself do more by whatever means necessary to get haby milk formula to all infants who need it.

There is widespread smuggling of all kinds of commodities into Iraq across virtually all borders, despite the sanctions, including Lebanese beer, cigarettes, etc., etc. One has to wonder if determined efforts might not make more baby milk available without waiting for sanctions to be ended," he concluded.

#### Amman area health centres overburdened Health, comprehensive health

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Health Ministry is intensifying efforts to provide medical services to the public through its health centres in Amman and other areas in light of the growing demand on such services by the large community of Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates, according to Zeid Al Kayed, director of the ministry's Health Department in

the Amman region.

Health centres and hospitals are witnessing a huge influx of patients, many of them expatriates returning from Kuwait and the ministry is doing all it can to cope with the situation, Dr. Kayed said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

The health department in the capital has made arrangements to deal with the extra workload and the health centres in the Amman Governorate have been supplied with additional.. quantities of medicine and medical equipment to deal with the situation. Dr. Kaved said.

Expatriates, like the rest of the public, are being offered vaccination, laboratory tests and general health services, Dr. Kayed said. According to the Ministry of centres in Jordan provide primary health care services, care for mothers and children and dentistry and X-ray services.

Government sources estimate the number of Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates in Jordan at 350,000 plus nearly 100,000 Iraqis who have converged on Amman after the Gulf crisis and in the ongoing Kuwaiti move to expel expatriates.

Last month, Minister of Water and Irrigation Samir Kawar said that drinking water shortages in certain areas of the Kingdom were caused by the return to Jordan of large number of expatri- vices.

ates. He told Petra that the Water Authority was pumping drinking water to the Amman region at the rate of 600 cubic metres per hour.

Columnists in the local press have been voicing public complaints about persistent chronic water shortages in many areas. Also there is an acute shortage of housing, causing rents soar.

The government last month anneunced that it has decided to begin spending from a JD 120 million supplementary emergency budget for 1991 to deal with the expected consequences of the Gulf crisis on Jordanian housing. health, education and social ser-

-77

## Jordan seeks to help Gazans ness to allow entry to the Gazans for transit to the Gaza Strip

(Continend from page 1) invasion of Knwait in August last

Post-war Knwait is terminating the employment contracts of thousands of Jordanians and Palestinians, forcing them to leave the emirate, where most of them have lived for most of their life. The Egyptian policy has deprived the Gazans of any destination whatsoever since their lassiez-passer is not accepted by any other-country and their original Israeli permits to enter the Gaza Strip have either expired or been cancelled by the occupation

Jordan has expressed willing-

(Continend from page 1)

before releasing any of the Mus-

lim prisoners whose freedom is

demanded by the hostage hol-

the hostages, the Westerners are,

as on all other matters, making their interests and demands the

findamental issue," Mr.

Khomeini said on Tehran Radio.

Israel to free Sheikh Abdul

Karim Obcid if it wants its hos-

tages in Lebanon released soon.

Shiite Muslim cleric, was kidnap-

ped by airborne Israeli agents

from his home in South Lebanon

Sheikh Obeid, 33, a prominent

Fie said the West must pressure

"On the issue of the release of

somehow a transit opportunity for them to get back home through Jordan...we will...see what we can do," he said. According to the sources, the

Iran tightens pressure on Israel

problems facing Gazans were raised during discussions held in Calm earlier this month between Egyptian leaders, including President Hosni Mubarak and Foreign Minister Amr Musa, and Israeli

mit them.

as part of an overall answer to the Arab-Israeli conflict," said one source. "However, he promised to study the matter further and get back to Musa," the source In the meantime, the Algerian and Libyan governments are

one official. Advertisements have appeared

Western hostages in Lebanon. Although Mr. Bush stopped ing that they would like to get this matter behind them."

"If usurper Israel does not release Sheikh Obeid and other detained Muslims, the problem of



#### JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES **COLTD**

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The tender documents are available at JPMC offices in Amman Supply Department until 2:00 p.m. local time Thursday 19.9.1991. Application for documents should be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of JD (50) for each set of tender documents.

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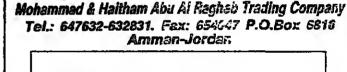
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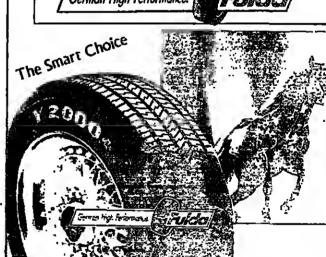
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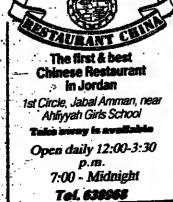


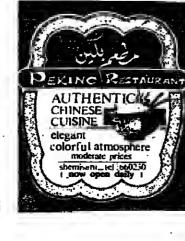
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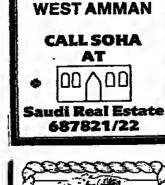
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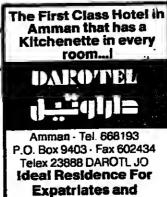


LOOKING

FOR A PLACE TO RENT IN







Businessmen



The International Russian Circus

(<u>Q</u>)

Two shows aday at 3.50 and 5:50 p in

Tig Al Alt - the Unive

Hospaal Iradge

HAVANA (AP) - Six golds in swimming raised American spirits after the basketball and baseball teams sank into the bronze age. But they areo't likely to prevent the first U.S. loss in total golds at the Pan American Games in 40

Not since the first games in 1951, when the United States sent teams in only 15 of 21 sports and trailed host Argentina, have the Americans lost the gold race.

That prospect is now almost certain as Cuba heads into the final day one gold behind, 124-123. The Americans lead the overall chart 333 to 244. Cuba is heavily favoured to win most, if not all, of its 11 fights for gold in boxiog — plus a batch of other

"We've all been thinking about the medals," said Aodrew Gill, who won the 100-metre backstroke. "Every time we walk through the atbletes village, people remind us. Tonight helped even thiogs up some."

The swimmers will seek another six-race sweep Sunday, the final day of competition. Jane Skillman won her third gold, taking the 800 freestyle in 8:43.26, just ahead of teammate

Lisa Jacob. Americans also were 1-2 in the men's 50 freestyle. where Todd Pace edged Adam Schmitt 22.60 seconds to 22.61.

The U.S. women's 400 medley relay team set a Pan Am record as Jodi Wilson, Dorsey Tierney, Angie Wester-Krieg and Ashley

Tappio clocked 4:12.51. Tierney and Tappin each collected their matched the bronze of the hasethird gold.

Mark Dean won the 200 butriots in women's basketball. The meo beat Cuba 93-74 in a brutal

terfly, Lisa Summers took the 200 individual medley, and Gill edged Rodolfo Faicon of Cuba in the backstroke.

Dean, still coming back from lung surgery in June 1990, beat 1988 Olympic gold medallist Anthony Nesty of Surinam by nearly two seconds with a time of 2:00.11.

Cuha won the baseball gold, as expected, with another ront, as expected. The Cubans pounded Puerto Rico 18-3, giving them 131 runs in nine games Unbeaten Cuba hit seveo bom-

ers, including three hy Eremidelio Urrutia, who went 6-for-6, and pounded out 23 hits. Chris Roberts singled to drive

in Jeff Hammoods, who had led off the 15th inning with a double, as the United States outlasted the Dominican Republic 2-1 for the bronze medal in basebail.

Roberts' one-out hit broke an 0-for-9 slump, including 0-for-6

"We were all tired and we wanted to get home with the victory." Hammonds said." 1 got a good jump ... and I knew it would be a close play at the plate. But I knew coach wouldn't hold me up in that situation just because of the length of the game and Chris Roberts would have been at second base, anyway."

## Sabatini, Sanchez Vicario lose at Los Angeles Slims

MANHATTAN BEACH, California (AP) - Monica Seles overcame her own frustrations aod Arantxa Sanchez Vicario for 8 6-7 (7-5), 6-4, 6-4 victory Saturday in the semifinals of the Virginia Slims of Los Angeles.

Seles, the world's top-ranked women's player, advanced to to make several errors.

Sunday's finals. She will play Japan's Kamiko Date, who upset third-seed Gabriela Sahatini in a semifinal match, 3-6, 6-1, 6-4.
Date, ranked 112th in the

world and unseeded in the tournament, hammered five aces in the match and forced Sahatini

## **Corporate Report races to** victory at Travers Stakes

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

SARATOGA SPRINGS, New take him back to the test barn." York (AP) - Corporate Report, which was unable to catch Strike The Gold or Hansel in the triple crown races, beat both of them Saturday with a victory by a neck in the Travers Stakes for his first thoroughbred stakes victory.

Hansel, the Preakness and Beloot Stakes winner who was the 9-5 second betting choice behind 8-5 Strike the Gold, was in the battle from start to finish, but came up a short in the 11/4-mile race and pulled up after finishing. Strike the Gold was not a factor.

Jockey Jerry Bailey said that in the stretch drive Hansel "started to favour his right front leg. He was in some distress."

"When we got to him, be was" moving better and there wasn't any obvious lameness showing," track veterinarian Dr. Joan d'Alonso said. "But as a precaution, we put him on the van to

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South

Pass 7
What do you bid now?
A.—In support of spades your hand is worth some 20 points. Bear in mind, though, that you have

forced partner to bid and North could have a complete hust. Show

your power by jumping to three spades, which is invitational. Part-

ner will go oo to game with a smat-

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South

A .- In the old days you would

have had to jump to three dia-monds, crowding the euction unnecessarily when you don't yet know where or et what level you want to play the hand. These days a

two-over-one response promises at

least one more bid, even by a passed

hand if opener changes suit, so you need bid only two diamonds for the

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold:

\$\times 10943 \cdot \text{K7} \cdot \text{K96} \text{ \$\text{AJ6}\$} \text{The bidding has proceeded:} \text{South West North East} \text{1 \text{ \$\text{Pass}} \text{3} \text{ \$\text{Pass}} \text{ \$\text{Pass}\$}

A.—When this hand cropped up in a rubber bridge game, South rebid

three no trump to show his stoppers, and a slam was missed. After a

jump shift, the primery duty is to

set a possible trump suit, and you should almost always raise partner

with three trumps to a bigh hooor.

What do you bid now?

Bid four diamonds.

tering of working cards.

♥AJ83 ♦AK52 +6

Q.1—Bon.
you hold:

AQ96 VAJ83 VAIL.

The bidding has proceeded:

Rast South West North

Thi Pass 1 4

Strike The Gold, the Kentucky Derby winner, made a move from last place in the six-horse field on the turn but never got closer that fourth - which is where he finished. It was his fourth straight

Fly So Free finished third, 21/2 lengths behind Hansel and three lengths ahead of Strike The Gold. who was followed by Lost Mountain and Tong Po.

Corporate Report, who had failed in seven previous stakes appearances, carried Chris McCarron to his second Travers victory in 2:01, 1-5,

1t was Corporate Report's third victory, all this year, in 10 starts. It was worth \$600,000 from the \$1

million purse. Corporate Report's triple crown record was a ninth in the

Derby, a distant second in the

Preakness and a fourth in the

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South

you bold: **♦AQJ6** ♥52 ♦**AJ7 ♦Q109**5

What do you bid now?

A.—On this sequence partner

promises a six-card suit, so you know you have an eight-card major

fit. Nevertheless, with your bal-anced hand and no heart honor you

should prefer a jump to three no

trump over four hearts. If partner is very uobalanced, he can still

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: \$\phi A984 \ \tau763 \ \phi952 \ \phi\text{QJ6}\$

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

A.—Partner's jump shift is uncon-ditionally forcing. There is a strong teodency to bid three oo trump,

since you have a flat hand and a club stopper, but that's wrong.

Partner has an unbalanced hand

and with three trumps and an ace

you have oothing to be ashamed about. Take a preference to three

Q.6—As South, vulnerable, you

7A762 ◊AK984 ◆AK6

AND TATES AND THE BIRD AND THE BIRD AND THE BASE AND THE

Whet do you bid now?

A.—While the possible misfit is disquieting, your hand is too strong for any pussyfooting. Although the quality of the suit leaves something

to be desired, we would make the

reverse bid of two hearts. At least it

describes the overall strength and distribution of the hand accurately.

Plan to hid your club fragment next if partner persists in spades.

Pass 1 4 Pass ? What do you bid now?

East South West Pass 1 4 Pass

The bidding has proces

North East

#### LOCAL SPORTS BRIEFS

#### Jordan, Iraq to hold friendly matches

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Soccer Federation (JSF) will organise a series of friendly matches between the leading clubs of Jordan and Iraq in October. Mr. Mohammad Bazadoug, the federation's secretary geoeral, told the Jordan Times that an Iraqi delegation headed by Mr. Hussein Said, a member of the Iraqi Soccer Federation, concluded a two-day working visit to Jordan and discussed the co-ordination between both federations and put the guidelines to stage more friendly meetings. He said that the Iraqi delegation called for efforts to return Iraq to international events and asked the Jordanian federation to consult with the Asian Federation to lift the total suspension imposed on Iraqi

#### Al Ramtha's Championship starts today

Olympic preliminaries to be held in Bahrain next month.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan will host the meetings of Arab Handball Federation (AHF) next September. Hamdan, vice president of the Jordanian Handball Federation, said that these meetings will shed lights on the AHF's activities and discuss the Arah tournament to be held in Syria in November.

AMMAN (J.T.) - Al Ramtha Arab Football Championship will start Monday at Al Hassan Sports City in Irbid. Abdul Haleem Sammareb, presideot of Al Ramtha Club, told the Jordan Times that Tishrin and Al Wahda from Syria confirmed their participation in the championship, and the Jordanian Soccer Federation approved the participation of the Jordanian Olympic team in the seven-day tournament as a warm-up before taking part in the

#### Jordan to host Arab handballers meeting

## SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

"At least we're going home

with something in our hands

The Cuban players left the

arena with other mementos - a

bloody split lip on one, a lump on

the forehead of another, a few

more with welts on their necks

and backs from flying elbows.

The Americans had a few bruises

of their own, including a sore

back that Walt Williams sus-

tained when he was submarined

on a dunk. The redness on Adam

Keefe's face, the result of a slap

by a Cuban player oo the way to

the locker room at halftime, dis-

appeared by game's end.
Six players fouled out and the

frequency of the calls by the officials probably prevented a

fight in the tense, packed arena.

everyone's mind away from the

fact that this was the fith consecu-

tive major international event the

United States left without a gold

medal. Since the 1986 World

Championship there have been

two silvers — 1987 Pan Ams and

1990 World Championships and

these games.

The rough play briefly took

where a lot of teams aren't."

#### Soviet Olympic soccer team beats U.S.

hall team - and their compat-

game that nearly broke out into a

brawl, then had to sit and watch,

with a tug in their hearts, as Puerto Rico beat Mexico 77-65

"It was tough," ceotre Mike Peplowski of Michigan state said.

"Anytime you're playing for the United States in any kind of sport, anything less than a gold

medal is sub-par. There was a hig sense of defeat, a big sense of not

accomplishing what we came here

"When we lost against Puerto Rico, it was hard to swallow and

hard to chew on. But then we

realised, 'bey, we could either

come out here and do nothing,

and just play and not care, or we

can come out bere and show

everybody wbat we're really

made of - guys of good charac-

ter, physically and mentally

tough, and beat Cuba twice

on their bome floor to win the

for the gold.

MOSCOW (AP) - Yuri Nikiforov and Boris Tedeev both scored to give the Soviet Olympic team a 2-1 victory over the U.S. national team in an exhibition match Saturday, ending the Americans' nine-game imbeaten streak. The Soviet team attacked repeatedly with deep scoring drives, outclassing their U.S. rivals with superior ball handling and capitalising on clumsy American passes. "It was a bad outing," U.S. goalkeeper and Captain Tony Meola said. "Our intensity just wasn't there." Meola was forced to make 10 saves in the contest, unlike his Soviet counterpart who was rarely tested. The United States had not lost since a 1-0 defeat to Argentina in Denver in a May 19 exhibition. It had won six straight games, five of which came while winning the Concacaf Gold Cup. Nikiforov scored first in the 11th minute, drilling a free kick past Meola. The Soviets dominated the first half, getting eight shots to the Americans' two. Tedeev increased the advantage in the 51st minute, scoring from 20 yards.

#### Graf may not play in U.S. Open

BONN (AP) - A doctor who examined Steffi Graf's injured right shoulder said he cannot yet determine whether the two-time champion will be able to play in the U.S. Open that starts on Aug. 26. "Assuming the healing process continues along as it has been, then it's not ruled out that Steffi Graf will play in the U.S. Open," said Dr. Hartmut Krahl of Essen. But Krahl, who examined Graf Thursday, added, "I wouldn't want to decide right now" whether she could play in the Grand Slam tournament. Graf, ranked second in the world, withdrew Thursday from next week's \$350,000 Virginia Slims of Washington tournament. Graf has a torn tendon in her serving shoulder, an injury she reaggravated during the Federation Cup tournament in late July. She has been sidelined since then.

#### Argentine midfielder joins Ascoli

ASCOLI, Italy (AP) - Argentine midfielder Pedro Troglio, waived by Lazio of Rome, has signed a one-year cootract with Ascoli and will make his debut in the Italian first division when the season begins on Sept. 1. Troglio, a member of the Argentine team which placed second to West Germany in the 1990 World Cup, will join newly-hired Oliver Bierhoff and Patrick Vervoort as the foreign players on Ascoli. Terms of Troglio's contract were not disclosed. Troglio, formerly of River Plate, transferred to Italy in 1988.

#### Argentina beats China in under 17 soccer

VIAREGGIO, Italy (AP) - A 79th-minute penalty kick goal by Castellani lifted Argentina to a 2-1 victory over China Saturday night, the first full day of the FIFA under-17 world championship. The victory put Argentina atop group A with the United States.

who upset Italy 1-0 Friday in the 21/2 week tournament's opening game. In other games Saturday night, Sudan trounced the United Arab Emirates 4-1 in Group C Congo and Qatar played to a goaless draw in Group B; and Ghana defeated Cuba 2-1 in Group D. After a round-robin first round, the group winners and runners-up advance to the single elimination quarterfinals. The championship game is scheduled for Aug. 31 in Florence.

#### Dittmar wins N. Zealand squash crown

HAMILTON, New Zealand (AP) - Australian Chris Dittmar beat world champion and countryman Rodney Martin 9-7, 9-3, 9-1 Sunday in the finals of the New Zealand Open Squash Championship. Second-seeded Robyn Lambourne beat Danielle Drady, the 4th seed, 9-5, 9-2, 9-3 in the all-Australian women's final. Martin, who won the world title in Adelaide, Australia two weeks ago, appeared tired and out of touch. "Even in the hotel this week Rodney hasn't been himself. He's been moping around, and today he just couldn't get into it," said Dittmar, the top seed. "I expected a lot harder game, I'd have to say Rodney's had better days." Martin and Dittmar are both planning to play in the Hong Kong and Pakistan Open tournaments in September.

#### Van Horn retains IBF belt

IRVINE, California (AP) - Darrin Van Horn retained his International Boxing Federation (IBF) super middleweight title with a third-round knockout over mandatory challenger John Jarvis Saturday. Van Horn floored Jarvis with a right hand. The challenger was counted out at 1:11 of the third round by referee Lou Moret, getting to his feet an instant after Moret completed the count. Van Horn, 22, was making his first defence of the title he won by knocking out Lindell Holmes on May 18 in the 11th round in Verbania, Italy. He improved to 47-2 with 27 knockouts. Jarvis, 34, fell to 22-3 with 16 knockouts. Both fighters weighed in at the division limit of 168 pounds (76 kilogrammes). The bout was held at the Bren centre at the University of California, Irvine. Neither fighter was hurt in the first two rounds. Van Horn won the first by landing several right hands. He won the second by landing several good left hooks. It was only the second fight as a super middleweight for Van Horn, a former IBF junior middleweight champ and a senior majoring in business at the University of Keotucky.

#### Norris downs Lally in first round

SAN DIEGO (AP) — Terry Norris knocked down Brett Lally three times and stopped the challenger at 2:40 of the first round to retain his World Boxing Council super welterweight title Saturday. Noris, whose last two victories induced former champions Sugar Ray Leonard and Donald Curry to retire, used a left-right combination to put Lally on his back for the third knockdown and referee Rudy Ortega stopped the fight.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY AUGUST 19, 1991

HOROSCOPE

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation methods so you lop off hours ome,

GENERAL TENDENCIES: An excellent day for whatever has to do with the lighter side of life. Contact those of whom you are fond and fine a nice way to entertain them or send them some gift of apparel.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You can be very direct in letting those about you be more aware of how fond you are of them and can certainly get new support through

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) This is your day to be especially romantic to the one who means the most to you and then to show your high regard for doing things right. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You have so many new ideas you don't know just which to concentrate on first but it doesn't really matter so long as you are positive, outgoing. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You have many obliga-tions as you start this new week and if you will only streamline your methods and activities you can get far better results.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can see clearly what is expected of you by very up to date associates and although you do not want to follow these, forget that ultra con-servatism and do h anyway.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Take some time now to get at all the projects facing you and show you can adopt modern energy and expens

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Whatever means the most to you in entertainment should certainly be the order of your day so make all possible appointments early and enjoy yourself.

,LZrk

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) May you now think more about your family and do things they expect or desire of you as this new week opens and start it on a very constructive plane. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) Get out and see everyone possible and have that discussion now with that expert who can help you to make your whole existence more attractive. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Money, is your preoc-cupation and rightly now but if you think of new outlets less and how

AGUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) This is your time to actually do pretty much what you want and you can easily combine an interest from the past with a new approach of today.

to adopt modern methods to pre-

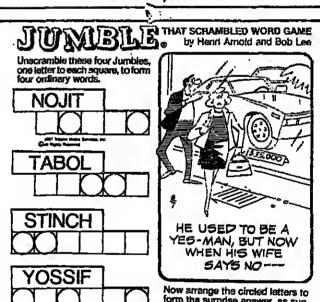
PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Now you can find the answers to your problems in quietly review-ing and thinking them over and then making some decisions that are in accord with modern think-

Your birth stone = Good luck

Amman- Rio De Janeiro Amman- Amra Hotel- 6th Cond

By Barnes THE BETTER HALF CHECK OUT 'Don't you think you should be wearing a stocking

mask over your head?"



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Answer here: HE

Jumbles: MOTIF CURVE FOURTH WIDEST Yesterday's

Answer: Careful when you "lend an ear." as it might get this...."CHEWED OFF"

**Peanuts** 



DOG! NEXT THING YOU KNOW YOU'LL BE BUYING HIM A SET OF SILVERWARE.

YOU SPOIL THAT STUPID



#### **Andy Capp**









#### **Mutt'n'Jeff**



## THE Daily Crossword by Dorothy B. Martin

15 instance 18 Coral reel

18 Can. prov. 19 Tab Hunte

move 22 Gazelle 23 — the line

(obey) 24 Goddess of

63 Ant old style 64 Related 65 Ashtabula's

65 Ashtabusa s waterfront 66 Thick 67 Record 68 Draft org.

DOWN

4 Loveth





49 Wickerwork
material
49 Heavens
52 Iron or Stone
53 Perform
54 Tab Hunter
movie
51 Pro —
62 Out of this world
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#### Foreign Exchange Market Summary (August 12 - August 16, 1991)

NOTWITHSTANDING the confined the U.S. currency. timed cantiousness ahead of the much debated Bundesbank council The much awaited Bundesban council meeting Thursday ended with a one per cent rise in the meeting that was held Thursday, a change of sentiment towards the discount rate but with a mere 0.25 dollar/mark evolved Tuesday as per cent rise in the Lombard rate market participants realised that inst expectations of at least 0.5 expectations of a German interest per cent. Yet the dollar's rise was rate hike were already factored in. But the dollar's sharp raily came ted. Observers maintained that the U.S. currency had already been over-bought thus leaving less room for manoeuvre (i.e. for a Friday ending the week with an average two per cent gain in the dollar against European currenmuch higher rise). Rumours about a potential Bundesbank intervencies, implying a loss for those who went against the trend last week. The dollar edged marginally tion around 1.75 marks further contained the dollar, especially in lower Monday in a directionless market, after failure to break rethe Far East and Europe. The dollar rallied Friday ending sistance at 1.7350 marks triggered the week at its highest closing selling, while speculation continued to support the mark. The

levels in New York at 1.7645 marks, 137.31 yen and 1.6582 dol-lars to the sterling pound. The dollar started the week with what turned out to be its lowest closing unanticipated sharp rise was triglevels of the week against European currencies at 1.7246 marks gered by the release of a number of favourable U.S. economic data and 1.6975 dollars to the sterling ranging from June's lowest, but expected, trade deficit since eight vears, standing at \$4.02 billion, to A new scenario was starting to evolve Tuesday as market partici-pants realised that a one per cent a rise of 0.5 per cent in July's industrial production. Capacity utirise in German discount rate and lisation in July also rose to 79.7 per an 0.5 per cent to one per cent rise cent against expectations of 79.4 in the Lombard rate were already per cent. Some observers bowever factored in current exchange were still pessimistic about the dollar's prospects in the medium build up for a possible rise in dollar term, attributing its jump to techrates after the Bundesbank meetnicel factors in a chart-driven maring Thursday. The U.S. currency ket and convinced that the positive in fact started its gradual rise, encouraged directly by a stronger data only sparked the rise.

Breaching resistance at 1.74 marks in New York Thursday, they added, had been a key technical signal as it enhanced its rise to new target levels. They further maintained that the market needed consistent positive U.S. economic data showing recovery signs in the U.S. economy, as the improvement in the trade deficit was mainly attributed to a three per cent drop in imports, a sign of a still sluggish consumer demand. On the other hand the dollar-mark interest rate differential still favoured the Ger-

man currency.
As for this week, resistance is expected to be pegged at 1,770 marks and 138.10 yen with support al just below 1,7500 marks and 136.50 yen. A major happening is the Federal Open Markel Committee meeting Toesday which will decide for or against a discount

New York Closing Rates for Major Currencies Against the

Corrency .	9/8/1991 Close	16/8/1991 Close	Percent ('hange
terling Paand	1.69.22	1.6582	- 2.093
Deutsche, Mark	1.7290	1.7045	·- 2.021
wise Franc	+ \$145	1.5445	- 1.95%
reach Franc	5:8805	5,9990	- 1.985
Ispanese Yen -	136.57	137.31	- 0.540

LND Per STO

than expected 0.5 per cent rise in July's retail sales, breaking resss-

ance at 1.73 marks but failing

Several factors helped to re-

latively strengthen the dollar

Wednesday within a tight range ahead of the Bundesbank council

key meeting the following day.

These involved breaching resistance at 1.7350 marks in Europe, a

positive but expected Consumer

Price Index and short-dollar cover-

ing on higher expectations of a dollar rise. The strong mark senti-ment started to stumble as analysis

ruled out the possibility of an

unanticipated hike in German in-

terest rates in view of the political

domestic and EMS pressures, in

addition to a statement by the

German economics minister con-

demning any interest rate rise, but profit-taking at 1.74 marks con-

against 1.7350 marks.

Currency	9:6:79	9/8/1991		16/8/1991	
	1-Month of	L-Year 1°v1	I-Month (**)	LiVeat (%)	
U.S. Dollar	5.56	6.00	5.52	6.83	
Sterling Pound	10.61	10.68	17.00	10.68	
Deutsche Mark	9.00	7.56	9.00	9.5	
Swiss Franc	7.62	7.75	5.12	7.75	
French Franc	9.37	9_75	9.38	9.38	
Japanese Yen	7.40	6.90	7.34	6.75	

Interbank hid rates for amounts exceeding 1 % Dollar 1, gorg. opt a

arrency ·	. 8id	Offer
J.S. Dollar	1691	.693
terling Pound	1.1442	1.1499
Deutsche Mark	. 391 1	.3931
wiss Franc	. 4468	. 1190
rench Franc	.1150	.1156
apunese Yen*	.5026	. 5051
Outch Guilder	.3471	.3488
wedish Krona	. 1060	. 1085
talian Lira*	.0522	.0525
leigian Franc	.01900	.01910

## Bankamerica seen on its way to becoming top U.S. banking group

made a rapid comeback from billion-dollar losses to become the dominant west coast bank, is now primed to overtake Citicorp as the top U.S. banking group. In its latest move, the San Francisco bank last Monday announced a merger deal worth more than \$4 billion with Los Angeles-based Security Pacific Corp, which will put the merged company only one rung behind Citicorp in terms of assets.

The deal is in sbarp contrast to the mid-1980s, when a steep de-cline in asset values, and problem loans to Third World countries. left the bank with billions of dollars of losses.

"It's been an amazing lurnaround," said Merrill Lynch analyst Livia Asher, referring to a stream of profits since the bank's dark period of asset sales and work force reductions.

Some analysts have speculated that the financial rigours Bank-

SEOUL (R) - South Korea

faces a record \$8 billion trade

deficit this year with soaring im-

ports of machinery, oil and con-

struction materials outweighing

stagnant exports, trade officials

The latest revised forecast of

what has become a politically

troublesome issue for President

Rob Tae-Woo would top the pre-

vious record shortfall of \$4.8 hil-

The country's Economic Plan-

ning Board initially forecast a \$2.5 billion trade account deficit

for the whole of 1991, but the

estimates bave been steadily re-

flies fewer

passengers

MOSCOW (AP) - The Soviet

state airline Aeroflot had 4.5

million fewer passengers during the first half of 1991, primarily

due to steep fare increases, a news

try's only domestic carrier went

up an average of 180 per cent

when price increases took effect

tion ministry official as saying.

But becau

Aeroflot.

cies reported.

reported

rising costs of new technology,

and the low level of service and

comfort on Aeroflot flights, In-

terfax quoted him as saying.

unviable option.

The cost of tickets on the coun-

agency has reported.

Aeroflot

have predicted.

lion lası year.

LOS ANGELES, California (R) america went through to recover from its mid-1980s slide may have primed it for the rapid strides it is now making.

Many contend that while New York-based Citicorp's \$217 billion in assets still eclipse the \$190 billion in combined Bankamerica Security Pacific assets, other key financial measures would put Bankamerica on top. "(The new) Bankamerica will

be number one in terms of capital, equity and market capital. In some ways those numbers are more important than asset size, said Rapbael Soifer, an analyst with Brown Brothers Harriman. Citicorp Chairman John Reed

has said problem loans and the

need for higher reserves against

potential losses on them, will

constrain his company's operanons and earnings for some time. Bankamerica, on the other hand, is flush with capital. Even after tackling Security Pacific's problem loan portfolio, analysts

say the new bank should be able

vised throughout the year. The

previous forecast was \$6 billion.

cast is mainly attributable to ex-

pected increases in imports of

machinery products, crude oil

and construction materials in the

rest of this year," a trade ministry

Ministry officials expect that

imports will stabilise later in the

year while exports in steel, elec-

tric products and electronics will

Under the revised forecast im-

ports on a cost plus insurance and

freight (CIF) basis are expected

to increase to \$81.5 billion from

the original projection of \$79.5

this year will likely remain at the

Free-on-board (FOB) exports

South Korea's exports totalled

more than \$85 billion on a cus-

loms-cleared basis last year while

The country's trade shortfall

has already hit \$8.1 billion in the

first seven monibs of this year,

with FOB exports standing at

imports stood at 69.8 billion.

billion, the official said.

projected \$73.5 billion.

official said by telephone.

strengthen.

The revised, worsened fore-

to make large strides. Making the merger work will be a formidable task, with success hinging as much on the California economy as on the team of executives putting the package

But while analysts bave concerns about the California economy, they have confidence in the executives.

"These are people who have shown they know how to cut costs," said Brown Brothers'

Achieving economies of scale will be key to transforming Bankamerica into an earnings powerbouse in the next few years.

Richard Rosenberg, the bank's chairman and chief executive, is emphatic the firm is committed to this goal. "We will be sensitive to human issues but the message is we are committed to the tough decisions to make this work," he

Upon taking over the chair

\$39.6 billion and CIF imports at

\$47.7 billion. The deficit was

\$2.68 billion in the same period

At a meeting with reporters

earlier this month, Assistant

Trade Minister Yu Duck-Hwan

said the bulk of the machinery

imports were being made to mod-

ernise and automate factories to

restore South Korea's export

tion boom bas prompted sharply

increased demand for building

materials. South Korea has be-

come a net imported instead of a

have steadily increased as South

Korea, under heavy pressure

from its major trading partners.

opened its once tightly closed

domestic markets to foreign

goods. He said the government

was committed to continued

deficit is the price we pay for democratisation," Mr. Yu said.

"Some scholars say the trade

But some South Koreans worry

trade liberalisation.

Mr. Yu also noted that imports

net exporter of these items.

The country's current construe-

last year.

competitiveness.

Rosenberg focused on making Bankamerica the top west coast bank.

Earlier this year, be went after Bank of New England but lost to Fleet Norstar Financial Corp Inc and the leveraged buyout team of Kohlberg Kravis Roberts.

Mr. Rosenberg spoke Monday about the global Bankamerica that will come from the merger with Security Pacific, which also has a strong presence in Asia and a modest profile in Europe.

We intend to build on the strengths of both institutions to create a highly profitable new banking enterprise that will become pre-eminent in the U.S. and even better-positioned on a global basis," he said.

"This Imerger) is the platform from which they can go national." Keefe Bruyette and Woods analyst Donald Crowley said of the combination with Security

and its effects on South Korea's

newfound but somewhat fragile

prosperity have found their way

into the country's freewheeling

newspapers and even man-in-the-

general and presidential elections

next year, for the lacklustre per-

And, as befits South Korea's

for restraint in consumption.

unionised workers, and bard

cause of Korea's waning export

performance is a lack of philoso-

phy on the part of our leaders."

veteran journalist Kim Young-

Won said in a column, published

in The Korea Herald, echoing the

thoughts of many South Koreans.

level of government is a chrome

lack of a sense of perspective and

'Conspicuous at the highest

"But the most fundamental

work are increasing.

Many have blamed Mr. Roh

street discussions.

formance.

that the price may be too high. Worries about the trade deficit.

wants at the price he wants, we're government," he added.

tailed off dramatically in recent and his government, which faces

Forced to sell their produce to

Egypt's high-quality longstaple brands of cotton have also been squeezed by synthetic fibres on the world market and bave

## Egypt to triple cotton exports and free prices paid to farmers

CAIRO (R) - Egypt will revive 880,000 bales this year. Local its flagging cotton industry by tripling exports this year and ending the state monopoly, the head of the state firm has said.

Ahmed Shouman, president of the state General Organisation for Cotton, told Reuters Egypt would allocate a million quntars (155,000 bales) for export to recapture markets in Europe and Japan, regardless of barvest cvcls this year.

He also said he expected the state monopoly on cotton to end by 1994. Prices paid to farmers would be adjusted to market levels and quotas for land under cotton cultivation would end.

A cotton exchange would be eestablished in Alexandria. "Cotton is the most profitable crop for the Egyptian farmer if he

is left free from government interference," Mr. Shouman told Reuters by telephone from his office in Alexandria. "If he is free to sell to whom he

confident that production will increase without any action by the Egypt's cotton exports have

vears. In 1990/91, they were down to just 45,000 bales from 685,000 bales in 1981-82.

the state company at uncompetitive prices, farmers have inessentially confucian society, calls creasingly found other crops like cereals and vegetables more protighter discipline, particularly by fitable, and the area of land under cotton cultivation has shrunk.

lost their premia.

Ministry of agriculture officials have predicted a crop of about said.

demand from the ginning, yarn and textiles industries was about

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800,000 bales last year.
"We have lost a lot of foreign markets through high prices and lack of supply," Mr. Shouman said. "This is why we have allocated a fixed quantity this year for export."

Local yarn and textiles companies could import cotton to make up for any shortfall, Mr. Shouman said.

"In previous years, there were restrictions on imports but these are being lifted too," he said. Cotton farming employs about 650,000 people in Egypt and supports a textiles industry which accounts for over a quarter of total manufacturing output.

Mr. Shouman said although the state had allocated 850,000 feddans (360,000 bectares) last year. farmers only grew cotton on about 315,000 hectares, about 12.5 per cent of total arable land.

Export sales last year were almost double the actual quantity shipped, Mr. Sbouman said, but contracts with eastern European countries and the Soviet Union were scotched because they lacked the funds to pay.

The former communist bloc of eastern Europe accounted for about half of Egyptian cotton ex-ports until 1989.

Mr. Shouman said cotton would be priced on the export markets with an "appropriate premium" over other brands.

The new state holding company for cotton - one of a string of such firms appointed to overbaul Egypt's public sector in line with the government's economic reform programme - would appoint its management by the end of the year, Mr. Shouman

## German privatisation agency sells more than 3,000 eastern firms

April 2, the independent Interfax News Agency quoted a civil aviatreuhand privatisation agency Aeroflot, the world's largest said it bad sold about a quarter of airline, is known for its outmoded the state-owned Eastern German aircraft, late flights and abysmal enterprises it inherited during the

unification process lasty year. owned monopoly has limited Agency President Birgit Breuel competition internationally and said the Treuhand had sold more no competition domestically, than 3,000 of the firms it is most Soviets have no choice but charged with rescuing, selling of closing down.

More than 74 million people This was between 20 and 30 per flew Aerolflot in the first half of cent of the total load, she said, this year, five million of them on although esact calculation was international routes, news agendifficult because many of the original 8,000 firms in the Deputy Civil Aviation Minister Treuhand's charge bave been Alexei Goryashko said that split into several smaller units. amounted to a 6.1 per cent de-

Breuel told a news conference crease in the number of Aeroflot the earnings from privatisation up to the end of July totalled 12.5 billion marks (\$7.3 billion). passengers in 1991, compared with the first six months of 1990. Mr. Goryashko blamed the price increase for the drop in

"What we are selling best at the moment ase construction passengers. However, he also companies, which is a sign that acknowledged that chronic probrecovery is taking place in that lems plaguing the Soviet airline sector," Breuel said. have not been resolved, Interfax

Seeing signs of a general economic turnaround in the former Among these were a lack of communist East, she said fuel resulting in flight delays, the Trenband-administered companies had begun hiring this year for the first time.

About 20,000 workers bad Long-suffering Soviet consumbeen hired by firms not yet privaers routinely endure the poor tised and the agency expected the total to reach 80,000 by the end of level of service on Acroflot bethis year. cause the vast distances in the country makes train travel an

Since the introduction of a market economy in the east 18

BONN (R) - German's months ago, output has slumped,

through state sponsorship. Brenel said about 400,000 workers of the 2.1 million now employed by Trenhand-run companies were expected tolose their obs at those firms by the end of

But she said a large number of unemployment has soared to moe those would not enter the ranks than one million or 12 per cent, of the jobless, instead going into and bundreds of thousands of retirement or government job others have only kept their jobs training programmes or communting to western Germany fo work.

Breuel said those facing redundancy included some of the 125,000 workers at some 600 companies now in the process of being closed down as unsalcable.

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# American Community Ochool

The American Community School announces a new programme for 4 and 5 year olds for the 1991-92 school year. The new K-1 and K-2 class will provide a developmental programme with appropriate learning activities for each age group. The emphasis will be on presenting creative lessons designed to allow the pre-school and kindargarten age child to devalop socially, physically, emotionally and academically in a positive environ-

Classes will be five days per week from 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. A reduced tuition and capital assessment rate will apply. Bus transportation is available for an additional fee.

Please contact ACS (813944-6) for additional information.

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near Franciscan School. For more information, please call tel.: 716383, Amman

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## **CHOIR SINGING**

The YWCA in Amman takes pleasure in inviting male and female singers to join its 4-voice choir in preparation for its annual classicel Chriatmas concert that will be held between 14-19 December, 1991.

interested (amateur/professional) singers are kindly requested to be present et the YWCA hall, 3rd Circle, on Tuesday, August 20, 1991, at 7:30 p.m.

Reheersals ere usually held every Tuesday night from 7:30 to 10:00, August through December.

For joining please call the YWCA on tels.: 641119, 641793, 655475 between 9-1, except on Sundays. Knowledge of music would be an asset. P.S.: A piano accompanist is needed (not less than grade 8 or equivalent).

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PRINCIPAL Show: 5:10, 8:30 p.m.

Show: 3:30, 6:45, 10:30 p.m.

To Be Opened Soon Nabil Mashini Theatre

Show: 12:30, 3:30, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

Tel: 634144 PHILADELPHIA

Sean Connery & Christopher Lambert\_In HIGH LANDER II

Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30.

Tel: 625155 RAINBOW

TOM SELLECK - IN

RUNAWAY

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

## Yugoslav army enters troubled town; jets attack Croat positions

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP) - Federal forces pounded Croatian positions from the ground and air Saturday in their heaviest involvement in Serb-Croat fighting since a ceasefire was declared 10 days earlier.

The combat in and around the town of Okucani shattered the ceasefire, prompting the federal presidency to meet in urgent ses-

The Yugoslav News Agency, Tanjug, reported an unknown number of people were killed in fighting between Croatian security forces and ethnic Serbian militias at Okucani and that annther 25 people vere injured or mis-

sing.
Virtually all civilians have left the town, Tanjug said, located about 110 kilometres southeast of Zagreb, capital of the independence-minded Republic of Croatia. The town is controlled by ethnic Serbs, whom the Croatians accuse of opposing their independence bid. Croatians accuse federal troops of siding with the Serbs.

The army sent 23 armoured vehicles and 11 trucks into Okncani Saturday afternoon to separate the warring sides, Tanjug reported, but fighting was reportedly continuing.

In Stara Gradiska, Croatian forces blew up a bridge over the Sava River 11 kilometres south of Okucani to halt an army column

Bodies of

recovered

from South

China Sea

HONG KONG (AP) - Rescuers

have recovered the bodies of two

divers trapped in a decompress-

ion chamber when a typhoon

sank an oil barge in the South

China Sea, claiming at least 15

lives, officials reported Sunday.

rol boats continued to search

coastal waters Sunday for seven

other missing crewmen of the

1,500-tonne derrick barge 29.

The vessel sank 105 kilometres

east of Hong Kong Thursday

when it was battered by typhoon

Fred's 120 kilometre per bour

The missing include two other

"It is unrealistic to expect any

divers in the decompression

chamber, British nationals Steve

survivors to be found at this stage

bot no one shall be happier than

me to be proved wrong," said

Trevor C. Berry, spokesman for

the Hong Kong Marine Depart-

He said the search was being

concentrated closer to Hong

Kong because bodies of the mis-

sing may have been washed

ashore by strong winds and rough

The barge, carrying 195 peo

Mr. Berry said 173 people,

including 11 Americans, were re-

suced. Fifteen others, including

barge superintendent Billy

Young of Weatherford, Texas,

The body of diver John Lyons

a New Zealander, was recovered

by a rescue ship Thursday night, a

day before the air supply in the

decompression chamber ran out.

The body of the other diver,

Terry Dennison of England, was

recovered Saturday when it was

spotted 32 kilometres east of

The compression chamber

door may bave burst open under

the increasing pressure when the

chamber plunged to the ocean

floor, said George Stapleton, a

representative of barge owner

McDermott (South East Asia)

Pte Ltd. of Singapore.

were confirmed dead

Hong Kong.

ple, was involved in an oil ex-

ploration project with China.

Hardy and Brian Sheppard.

Two planes and 10 police pat-

divers

trying to approach the town, Zagreb television reported. The river forms Croatia's boundary with the Bosnian Republic.

Earlier the military opened fire with artillery on a roadblock consisting of trucks parked on the Croatian side of the bridge, setting them ablaze.

Also in Stara Gradiska, air force fighter-bombers attacked a building used as a barracks for Croatia's paramilitary Peoples' Guard after one nf its reconnaissance planes was fired upon from its roof, according to an air force statement carried by Tanjug.

The presidency demanded an

immediate end to the fighting. "The ceasefire must be strictly respected, guarantees (regarding the separation of forces) given by all sides should be fulfilled." said a statement from the presidency carried by Tanjug.

A Yugoslav ceasefire monitoring team left Belgrade Saturday for eastern Croatia. Other groups were to leave Sunday, Tanjug quoted Dragan Musulin, deputy bead of the presidency's information service, as saying.

The latest fighting comes nuly three days before a meeting of the country's feuding leaders, where an attempt will be made to agree on Yugoslavia's future

More than 200 people have died in the clashes that broke out



after Croatia declared its independence from Yugoslavia nn June 25. Etbnic Serbs, who account for almost 600,000 of Croatia's 4.75 million people, want to remain part of Yugosla-

The federal armed forces, whose officer corp is predominantly ethnic Serb, have said they are only trying to keep the two sides apart and prevent further

Meanwhile the last time Bosnia exploded, all of Europe shook. Seventy-seven years ago this month, armies mustered by Europe's great powers began World War 1 — sparked by the assassination of the heir to Austrian throne, Franz Ferdinand,

by a Serb nationalist in Sarajevo. Now, bitter ethnic warfare in neighbouring Croatia threatens to once again ignite the volatile mix of Muslims, Serbs and Croats in the Yugoslav republic, formally known as Bosnia-Hercegovina.

"Everything that is happening in Yugoslavia is a pale picture of wbat would bappen in Bosnia if there were clashes," said the republic's Muslim president, Alija Izetbegovic. "We have to be much more careful."

Ethnically and geographically, the republic is at the centre of Yugoslavia's secessionist and

political struggles. To the north, the breakaway republics of Slovenia and Croatia have fought to fragile truces with federal forces. The southern Republic of Macedonia has scheduled an independence referendum for next month. Hardline Serbia and the bulk of the federal army lie · directly east.

So far, the only obvious effect of the fighting in the other republics is a lack of gasoline. But tension is not in short supply.

In Bosnia-Hercegovina, 42 per cent of the population is Muslim, considered a nationality in Yugoslavia. About a third is Serb, and 17 per cent is Croat. While the Croats are mostly in

southwestern section of the republic, Serbs and Muslims are sprinkled together in 102 of the 109 communities of Bosnia-Hercegovina, said Information Minister Velibor Ostojic: The three groups have not co-

Orthodox Christian Serbs living there were subordinated to Muslims for centuries.

ing to the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) in Golden, Colorado. It

was centred in a wilderness area

The second quake hit at 3:17 p.m. (2217 GMT) and was cen-

tred in the Pacific about 105

kilometres west of the coastal

town of Crescent City, the USGS

Most damage appeared to have come from the first quake.

Small rock slides blocked a

rural paved road near Garbervil-

le, about 24 kilometres east of

Shelter Cove, said Humboldt County Sheriff's Deputy Floyd

kilometres south of Eureka.

In the 1940s, Croatia's Nazi puppet government slaughtered thousands of Serbs and others on Bosnian territory. Muslims and Serbs battled one another in World War II, and some Muslims now worry Serbia and Croatia might settle differences by carv-

ing up Bosnia-Hercegovina. A relatively small group of young Bosnians are drawing informal groups from Serbia and Croatia into a small peace move-

Mr. Izetbegovic suspects that an invitation by Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic to form a new Yugoslavia out of the three republics not pushing for independence - Serbia, its ally Montenegro and Bosnia-Hercegovina - is an effort to create a Serbiadominated nation.

"The people of Bosnia-Hercegovina cannot accept a partial Yugoslavia," said Mr. Izetbegovic, who described Mr. Milosevic's proposal as "the beginning of a big Serbia or a small Yugoslavia.

Mr. Izetbegovic said if Bosnia-Hercegovina is left in a smaller, Serbia-dominated Yugoslavia, he would seek independence - a move that could open up the republic to a federal crackdown.

The new state would have a population of some 13.5 million, about 65 per cent Serb and more than 2 million Muslims.

"Serbs in Bosnia-Hercegovina cannot accept any kind of Yugoslavia unless we are in a state with the majority of Serbs," said the information minister, Mr. Ostoiic, a Serb.

Mr. Milosevic has tried to lure support of Muslims by saying they would have No. 2 status in the smaller Yugoslavia, said Stjepan Kljuic, leader of the Croatian Democratic Union in Bosnia-Hercegovina.

When he surrounds them... there will be no talk of rights," he said. Croats have long accused Mr. Milosevic of inciting unrest among Serbs in Croatia with the goal of redrawing Yugoslavia's internal borders and creating a "greater Serbia."

After Bosnia-Hercegovina threw out Communist rulers in elections last year, Mr. Izetbegovic's Democratic Action Party, the Croatian Democrtic Union and the Serbian Democratic Party formed a coalition.

Despite competing interests and underlying distrust, the shaky government has held together.

#### Hurricane heads for U.S. coast near Shelter Cove, about 60

Hurricane Bob was expected to shower the outer banks of North Carolina with rain Sunday and the eye could move over shore late Sunday night or early Mon-

Mayfield. "We do think the northern motion will continue today," Mr. Mayfield said early Sunday. "A cold front moving across the northeast United States could move Harricane Bob off the

Mr. Mayfield noted the storm could move quickly up the coast once it's passed North Carolina and cautioned it could later affect the northeast. But he said the

A hurricane warning was posted from little river inlet on the South Carolina-North Carolina line northward to south of Virginia Beach, Virginia, including Pamiico and Albemarle Sounds. A burricane watch, less serious than a warning, was in effect from Virginia Beach northward to

## Seoul accused of building army positions on border TOKYO (AP) - North Korea

Benazir Bhutto

Bhutto

attacked

by rivals

mjured.

KARACHI, Pakistan (AP) -

Political rivals threw bricks at

former Prime Minister Benazir

Bbntto and fired over a crowd of

her supportes, party officials said

Sunday. They said party workers

shielded her from the bricks with

their bodies and she was not

For nearly half an hour Satur-

day night, gunmen fired over the

heads of hundreds of Bontto

loyalists gathered outside the

home of a deceased party worker

in this port city wracked by ethnic

Ms. Bhutto bad gone to offer

"The police did nothing. They

didn't interfere or try to stop the

shooting," said Farooq Leghari, a

No one claimed responsibility

for the shooting, and police re-

fused any immediate comment.

Ms. Bhutto's Pakistan People's

Party (PPP) blamed the rival

Mohajir Qami Movement

(MQM), or People's Refugee

Movement. The militant orga-

nisation represents immigrants

who came from India after the

partition of the subcontinent in

The MQM is demanding recog-

nition as Pakistan's fifth ethnic

group. The others are Sindhis.

Pathans, Baluch and Punjabis.

The MQM, which is confined to

Sind province, is aligned with the

governing Islamic conservatives.

quote me. Otherwise they will kill

me," said one of Ms. Bhutto's

party officials. He said armed

attackers also assaulted several

party workers.
Ms. Bhutto has repeatedly ac-

cused the chief minister of Sind

province, Jam Saddiq Ali, of

harassing her party. She says as

many as 5,000 party workers have

been jailed on trumped up

The government has denied

Meanwhile, Pakistan's new

army chief, General Asif Nawaz,

has pledged to support democra-

cy and warned the armed forces

stood that the army must bave

nothing to do with politics," Gen.

Nawaz said in orders issued to the

army on Saturday, his first work-

"I would like it clearly under-

to stay out of politics.

of army staff Friday.

garrison parades.

her accusations.

"It was the MQM but don't

spokesman for Ms. Bhutto.

and political violence.

condolences to the family.

accused South Korea Sunday of building military positions in the demilitarised zone between the rival states, and of seeking "only confrontation and war.

The Communist North regularly accuses the sonth of various provocations, but such allegations have increased recently.

In the past week, the two sides have been fending over rival plans for rallies to promote Korean reunification. They called off various bilateral talks, while still planning to go ahead with their highest-level talks - meeting between their premiers scheduled Aug. 27-30.

The South and its allies, expressing fears that the North was close to developing nuclear weapons, also have been pressing the North to accept international inspection of its nuclear facilities.

The North's official Korean Central News Agency contended Sunday that with U.S. encouragement, the Sonth Koreans are getting frenzied in the moves for provocation of a new war, pushing ahead with the largescale construction of various attack positions at more than 30 places in the demilitarised zone."

The report, monitored in Tokyo, said that Friday and Saturday, South Korea sent 500 to 1,000 workers into the DMZ's central sector to work on a largescale fortification project.

"This clearly shows that the South Korean puppets seek only confrontation and war, remaining indifferent to the peaceful reuni

fication of the country," it said. The agency also accused South Korean troops of firing automatic rifles in the DMZ Friday, but did not say where the alleged firing

was directed. On Saturday, it added. South Korean troops moved an armoured car into the DMZ, "in readiness for an attack battle."

In the highest talks ever between the two Koreas, which bave been divided since 1945, their premiers have met three times since last September, without substantial progress on easing

The talks scheduled next weel would be the fourth round.

In preparatory talks last week the two sides were unable to agree on an agenda, but decided to go ahead with the meeting between their premiers anyway, the South Korean government said.

North-South talks on forming a unified sports team for the 1992 Olympics had been scheduled to reopen Saturday, but the North cancelled them after the defection of one of its judo stars to the

No peace treaty was signed after the 1950-53 Korean war, and the two sides technically remain at

# Morgan horses

## dance to the beat

WEST SPRINGFIELD, U.S.

(AP) — The 1,000-pound (440-

kilo) beasts run, buck, snort, neigh and trot to the beat of music in one event that breaks all the rules in the otherwise serious, genteel world of horse shows. It's like turning on your Ferrari and letting it do whatever it wants to do without anyone at the riedal," horse owner Peter Webster said of "Liberty Class," the fecent addition to Morgan horse competitions. The event combines aspects of a rodeo, beauty pageant, and a visit to a pasture of horses roaming free. The show ended Saturday. Handlers release an unfettered and unsaddled horse in the ring, where R is allowed to gallop, trot, prance, flare its tail and do just about anything else it pleases to 90 seconds of music. Two judges evaluate the mares, geldings and stallions in separate divisions, basing their decisions on what is called the horse's "charisma, style and attitude." "A stage actor always has a good-size ego to perform. The same thing with a horse," said Richard Boule, a veteran of the Liberty Class. Arabian horse enthusiasts had long practiced the free-style event. Morgan borses were first used in it when organisers of the Massachusetts Morgan Horse Show introduced it three years ago.

#### Smithsonian returns remains of 31 Sloux indians

WASHINGTON (AP) - Sioux Indian representatives said Saturday that the Smithsonian institution gave them the remains of 31 tribal members. But the museum still holds the remains of 15,000 other American Indians. The ceremony at the Smithsonian's National Museum of Natural Mistory Friday was one of the most significant uses to date of a 1989 law that called for the return of Indian remains to their tribes. Our relatives were brought here against their will," Everett Black Thunder said in an interview. We want to take the spirits of these people home." Mr. Black Thunder is part of a delegation of 60 Sioux Indians who travelled to Washington to retrieve the remains from Smithsonian officials. They erected a tepee and lodge in a park near College Park and are conducting a four-day ceremony of grief and mourning. The remains will be returned to 40 acres of tribal land on a Sioux reservation near Sisseton, South Dakota;

#### **Patrick Swayze** 'sexlest man alive'

NEW YORK (R) - People magazine has named Hollywood film actor Patrick Swayze of Dirty Dancing fame the sexiest man alive for 1991. Swayze, 39, who was "flattered and surprised" by the honour, according to a spokeswoman, was chosen by the weekly entertainment magazine's editors and writers. The five-page photo spread praises the Texas-born hunk's "sexy-but-sensitive, tough-but-tender" personna and features a good view of his broad shoulders, V-shaped back and well-developed arms. Swavze. whose blockbuster movie Ghost is a big hit in video stores, told people that his greatest feat is losing his wife, actress Liza Niemi, 34, to whom he has been married for 16 years.

#### Executed Chinese prisoners' kidneys

LONDON (R) - A doctor had

said in a letter carried by the British medical journal Lancet that kidneys from executed Chinese prisoners were being sold to transplant patients from Hong Kong. Dr. Siu-Keung Lam of Queen Mary's hospital m Hong Kong said in the letter that kidneys were being sold for about. \$10,000 (\$17,000). China has denied previous allegations that the bodies of executed prisoners are used for transplants. "Kidneys are usually obtained from prison ers who are executed for offences. such as rape, burglary or political "crimes' against the state," Mr. Lam said. "No consent for organ: removal is given either by the prisoners or the family. Furtire ermore, the family rarely collected the body after execution for feet of harassment by government anthorities." He said about 1,000 patients were waiting for kidney transplant in Hong Kong but only 50 such operations were completed each year. For patients, referred to China, operations had taken place in teaching hospitals. in the city of Guangzhou and patients wer discharged a few weeks later if no complications

2776.2

#### Cambodia is not worried about a 'red solution' tions with the other permanent

BANGKOK (AP) — Cambodia's government says it is committed to a United Nations peace plan for the country and denied that Vietnam and China have struck a separate peace pact in secret.

China and Vietnam said after high-level talks in Peking this month that they wanted to normalise relations after more than a decade of hostility, Talk of a possible "red solu-

tion," where Vietnam and China support opposing sides, grew even though their joint statement

supported a U.N. peace plan. The Cambodian broadcast said concern over a separate peace process was "unwarranted." It said all of the warring Cambodian factions have accepted the U.N. plan as the basis for a settlement and would negotiate the rest of their differences.

The comments were broadcast Friday. A text was seen Sunday in

Bangkok. It said the Sino-Vietnamese

rapprochement has "not affected the U.N. peace plan in the least." It added that Vietnam's new premier. Vo Van Kiet, has denied that Hanoi and Peking have struck a secret deal.

The broadcast noted that China, one of five permanent U.N. Security Conneil members, helped draft the U.N. plan, and "there is no reason whatsoever for China to want to have its own document thrown away."

ing day since taking over as chief An Asian diplomat in Beijing said China sees the Cambodian "Let the elected representatives do their job while we conissue as a way to improve its centrate on acquiring ever greater international standing. Speaking professional excellence," said his on condition of anonymity, the order of the day read out at diplomat said China would not do anything to jeopardise its rela-

The other committee members are Britain, France, the United States and the Soviet Union.

Security Council members.

China is backing guerrillas fighting the Vietnamese-installed government in Phnom Penh. Vietnam invaded in late 1978 and ousted the pro-Peking Khmer Ronge. In response, China attacked Vietnam in early 1979, but Smo-Vietnamese relations have substantially improved more recently.

This month, Nguyễn Co Thach whom China reportedly considers hostile - was replaced as Vietnamese foreign minister.

The U.N. plan, which Phnom Penh has not fully accepted, calls for a truce, demobilisation of its warring factions, and extensive U.N. involvement in Cambodia's administration during the period before elections. The Cambodians are to resume

peace talks on Aug. 26 in Thailand, which has been a key mediator in negotiations.

Thai Prime Minister Anand Panyarachun also dismissed the "red solution" theory in an interview published Sunday in the That newspaper The Nation.

There are still some differences in interpretation and some issues left unresolved on certain aspects of the draft peace plan, bnt I think basically the draft peace plan is going to be 'the' one which would spell out the terms of the comprehensive political settlement," Mr. Anand said.

"I do not believe that there is going to be any deal behind your back or my back."

## Frederick the Great reburied in Potsdam

2 strong quakes hit U.S

EUREKA, California (AP) —

Two strong earthquakes rocked

the Pacific northwest Saturday.

the larger registering 6.9 on the

Richter Scale. Rock slides closed

roads, power lines were downed

and a house was knocked off its

There were no reports of in-

juries in either quake, although

anthorities received numerous

calls from shaken residents. They

were felt as far away as Sac-

ramento, 440 kilometres to the

southeast, and Eugene, Oregon,

The first quake measured 5.8

on the Richter Scale and struck at

12:29 p.m. (1929 GMT), accord-

290 kilometres northeast.

foundation.

POTSDAM, Germany (AP) — The bones of Prussia's King Frederick the Great were returned to eastern Germany Saturday and reburied at his magnificent summer palace, bringing out a clutch of flag-waving rightists and fanning new debate over militarism in united Germany.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl. ignoring criticism that his attendance could revive fears of German militarism, joined the onceroyal Hobenzollern family to reinternathe remains of Frederick the Great and his father, Frederick Wilhelm I.

Mr. Kohl and others defended the occasion as a sign of Germany's unification - Potsdam was part of former Communist East Germany — and a chance to learn from the country's turbulent bistory on the 205th anniversary of Frederick the Great's death.

The crowd of visitors was so large - police estimated 80,000 - that state officials extended by 90 minutes the deadline for viewing Frederick's coffin before the area was closed off to prepare for the reburial.

Some spectators used the royal spectacle as an opportunity to turn the clock back.

They sainted with sabers and waved flags of the old German Empire as the two coffins passed on horse-drawn carriages draped m the balck-and-white Prussian

"We don't bave to bold ourselves back," said Kahlbohm Hanke, 23, a student who came from Bremerhaven in northern

Germany because he said he would never have another chance to see a German king buried.

Standing with a dozen people flourishing the red-white-and-black flags of the 1871-1918 Prussian-led German Empire, Mr. Hauke expressed bitterness that Germans were thought cowards because the country didn't join the Gulf war.

Frederick the Great's coffin. with an honour guard of eight military officers, was put under a black canopy in a collonaded courtyard of the rococo summer palace be built and called Sanssouci. The name means "without cares" in French, the language Frederick preferred to German. Police said about 60,000 people

passed through the courtyard for last look at the coffin. Among them were protesters wbom authorities decided to welcome as part of the historical debate over the reburial. They had to leave placards nutside, but

one person was permitted to head a skull mask to pass the coffin. Frederick, who ruled from 1740 in 1786, was reburied at midnight (2200 GMT) on the terrace of Sanssouci next to his beloved greyhounds, with four attendants carrying lanterns. He had said in his will he wanted to buried at midnight by lantern-

ceremony. Frederick's father, who once almost bad the crown prince executed for trying to run away, was laid to sest during the afternoon in a royal mausoleum nearby.

The second secon

light, with no pomp or grand

MIAMI (AP) — Hurricane Bob, the first of the Atlantic season, moved steadily north Snnday and was expected to strengthen as its 80 mph (130 kph) winds swirled toward the North Carolina coast.

The hurricane was upgraded from a tropical storm Saturday. causing forecasters to post coastal alerts from North Carolina north

day, said forecaster Max

shore, which would be very good

strength and direction was difficult to predict.

Cape Henlopen, Delaware.

#### Bush vetoes D.

KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine (AP) — President George Bush has vetoed a bill that would have allowed the nation's capital city to spend its own money on abortions, telling Congress: "As a nation, we must protect the unborn.

"From the outset of my administration, I have repeatedly stated my deep personal concern about the tragedy in America of abor-tion on demand," Mr. Bush said in his veto message to Congress. "As a nation, we must protect the unbora."

Washington D.C. Mayor Sharon Pratt Dixon criticised Mr. Bush's move, saying, "where a woman chooses to live should not affect her reproductive choice." Washington's congressional delegate, Eleanor Holmes Norton, conceded there were insufficient votes to override the veto.

#### C. bill over abortion funds The president told reporters denounce what they consider exthat be doubts abortion will be a cessively harsh sentences given to anti-abortion activists.

major issue in next year's presidential race and that Americans are becoming "turned off by the excesses," of some anti-abortion groups and by other disruptive demonstrators.

Mr. Bush indicated be did not approve to tactics used by militant anti-abortion protesters in Wichita, Kansas, but Mr. Bush bas supported the Justice Department's recent decision to intervene in the case on the side of the anti-abortion group — Operation Rescue — fighting a federal judge's order to keep two abor-

Operation Rescue announced with Mr. Bush to urge him to

tion clinics open.

Saturday that its leaders, Randall Terry and the Rev. Patrick J. Mahoney, were headed to Kennebunkport to seek a meeting month, including 125 Saturday who tried to block a clinic entrance in defiance of a federal court The president also made good on his word to block an extension

More than 2,000 anti-abortion

demonstrators have been

arrested in Wichita since last

of nnemployment benefits. Although he signed a bill to extend the benefits from 26 weeks to a maximum of 46 weeks. he prevented the actual spending of the \$5.2 billion in benefits. Mr. Bush based his action

condemned in advance by Democratic leaders and labour groups - on fiscal constraints and his belief that "the recession has ended and that a recovery appears to be under way."

## Australian police seek motive behind mall shooting

- Police began piecing together a psychological profile Sunday of a 33-year-old taxi driver who killed seven people 24 hours earlier, but said that bis motive

remained a mystery. Armed with an assault rifle and a machete, the man stabbed a 15-year-old girl to death and then fatally shot six others at a shopping mall in this Sydney suburb before shooting himself to death.

"It's hard to figure out," a police officer who was not identified told a news conference. "He had four cups of coffee, paid bis bill, then started the killing." Police continued to withhold

the gunman's name, saying they

STRATHFIED, Australia (AP) wanted to give his sister, with whom he lived, time to move tn a new home to avoid scrutiny from the press and public.

The police told the news conference the man inherited money about a year ago after his mother died. His father died four years earlier. The police would not disclose the amount, but Austraban Associated Press said it was 400,000 dollars (\$312,000).

They said the man had a shooter's license for the assault rifle, a Chinese-made self-loading automatic weapon. Earlier reports said the rifle was a Sovietdesigned AK-47 weapon.

Prime Minister Bob Hawke

immediately with state governments in adopt uniform gun laws. New South Wales state, where the shooting took place, allows the import of some-foreign-made or designed rifles, while other

At least eight other people were injured in the incident. Six of them remained hospitalised Sunday.

A 47-year-old woman injured in the shooting died about eight hours later at a hospital. Two men and five women, plus the gunman, were killed in the 10-

minute massacre. Police said it could be several days before they are able to interview witnesses and those injured in an effort to assemble the exact sequence of events.

According to initial accounts. the man first attacked shop clerk Roberta Armstrong, repeatedly plunging the knife into her back. eaving the foot-long knife in her, he pulled out the assault rifle and gunned down three women

who were sitting in the shop. Two of the dead were mother and daughter. Unconfirmed reports said the gunman spared the lives of the younger woman's two children, who were sitting at the same table.

Shop owner George Mayris was killed next, shot in the chest as he ran from the kitchen to see what was happening, police said. I occurred.

